

Migrant Ca 5/21/10, 813pm - Dave 174 (570.9 ft -

Mead_®

From Rice & Bolozs MAN 144 M (472-A)

SQUARE DEAL MIFAD Lecol
Money madness no special mead.com/money real no sp

SCHEDULE HORARIO

TIME HEURE HORA	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MONDAY LUNDI LUNES	X	CONDO'S Molokai Shores Unit A309: \$235,000(FS) Extra features in unit. 1 bedroom/1 bath with loft. Ke Nani Kai: \$405,000(fs) Unit 117 2 bedroom/2 bath fully renovated corner lot.						
TUESDAY MARDI MARTES	Medest	Wavecrest: 5 Unit C-312 1/b updates. Very c	edroom-1/bath n	ewly remodeled wit niture and many ext	th many ras.			
WEDNESDAY MERCREDI MIÉRCOLES	HA	LAWA	-Pui	o Hoku	Ranch	LAVIN BY BRO	IA CU	POLICE
THURSDAY JEUDI JUEVES)					1-10
FRIDAY VENDREDI VIERNES								
SATURDAY SAMEDI SÁBADO								
SUNDAY DIMANCHE DOMINGO		Attn: Mac Poepoe Hui Malama o Moomomi PO Box 173 Kualapuu, HI 96757						

LAST TEP PALAAU way 2007 (3 YEAR AGO) Palaau, MOLOKAI 71 TURTLES Junday Friday Sch 35.3-88.2 cm DATA PAGES-21-33; 71-111 Kawa'aloa Beach 2010 P. 189 SEGUNDO 21.09401 N 157,1001W (from Goagle Earth) 7/28/ sediment + water Sample Molokai TURTLE TRACKERS - EXCOUNTION 7/29 AM
Hatchling Tracks Seen 27/26/10 Am. 69.8 hells inched up
Hom LIL 7/30/10.

PLACE 2"- out from House to east slightly =
21.08974 NJ 157.09710 W)
5 days on The water (4 pickup days) ED & DIANE MEDEIROS FRIENDLY ISLE FISHING FIO. BQ. KANNAKAKAI, HI 96748-1216. POPESTAY KAWAALOA BEOCH TOURS THALAUA





MoloKAI BUGER AWARD Covemony 30xears Sept. 21,2010

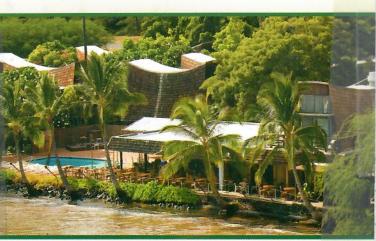












The Last Authentic Hawaiian Experience







To: 'George H. Balazs' <gbalazs@honlab.nmfs.hawaii.edu> From: Diane Medeiros <diane@molokaicommunityfcu.com> Subject: RE: From George Hi George -

Date: Mon, 9 Aug 2010 08:53:40 -1000

Dart is short for Dartagnon - spelling is correct, Julie is short for Julie Ann, Ed is short for Edwin, but you're right, he'd rather be Ed or Eddie (usually Eddie is for more informal situations).

Tropical beaches. Perfect sunsets. Polynesian style.

Our open-air, oceanfront guest rooms are positioned east to west, allowing prevailing trade winds and the soothing sound of the surf to gently lull you to sleep each night.

Our spacious accommodations feature Polynesian decor, private lanais, and mini-refrigerators.

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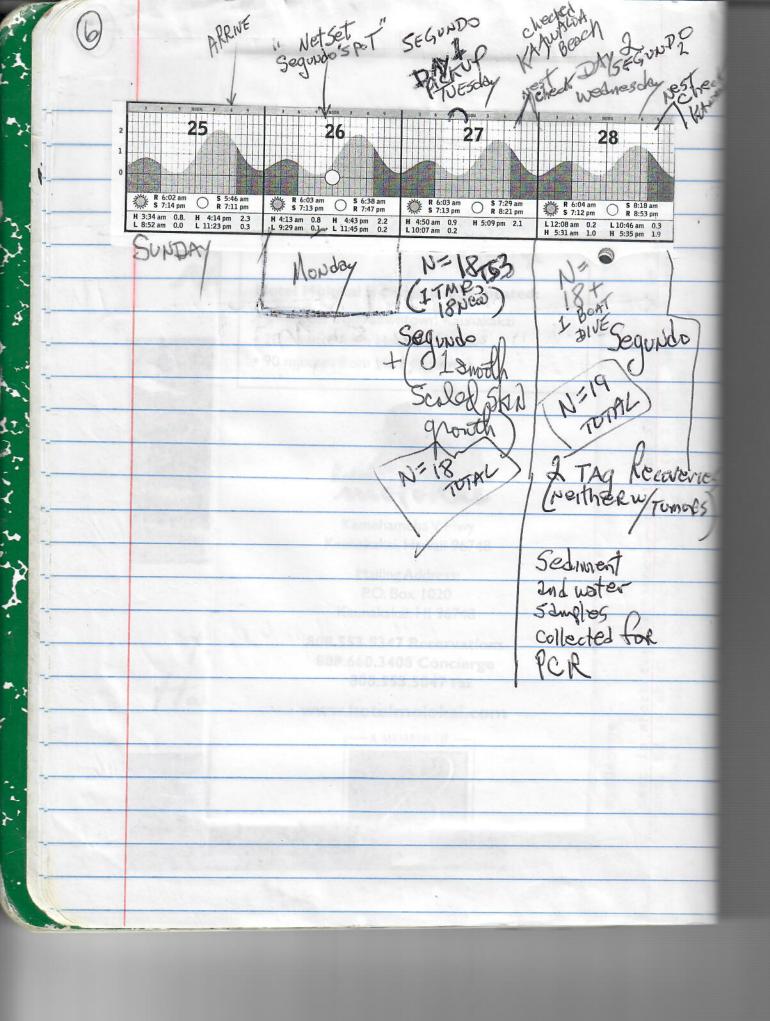


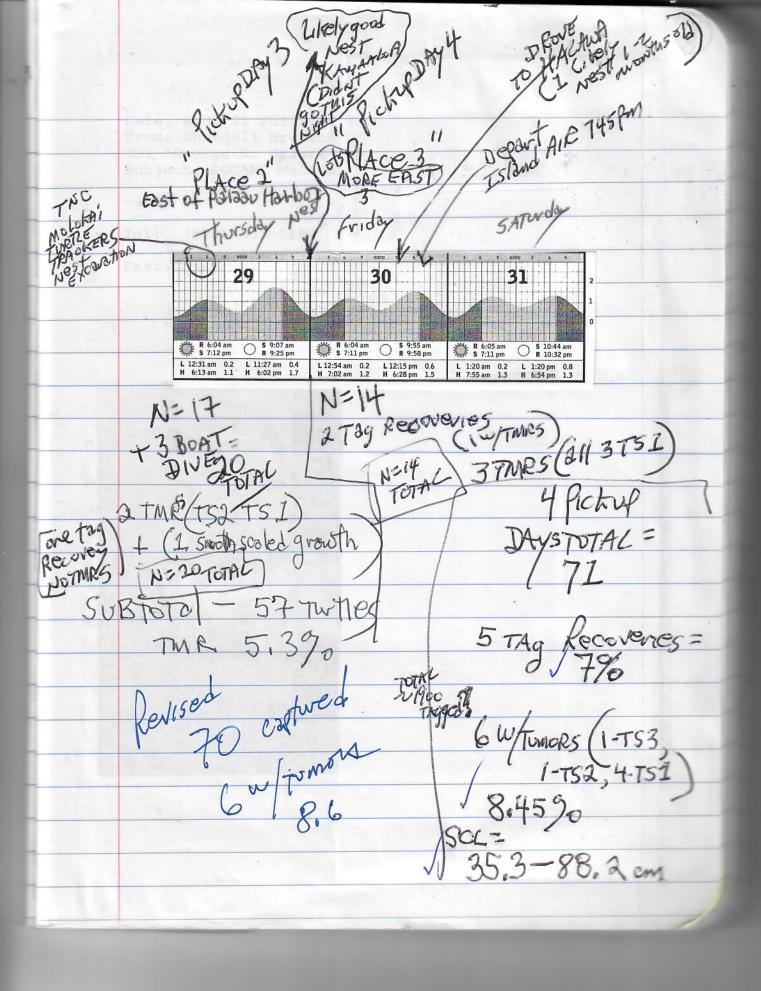




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Good luck and here's into Wes Purdy this morning and informed him of your impending plans on Molokai. I remember this Regarding Maui....my great grandfather left behind two parcels of land in Kula. In life one door opens and another closes, but I suppose that is nature's way. and only adds to the our personal burden what with our daughter and all. These kuleana lands are now being "quiet title" by a developer. It's a legal By coincidence, Keoki, Note the senior officer (Damn the dinosaur I've become! I'll leave the turtle hugging to you and Mark. boy playing in the Little League when I was involved). To: George H. Balazs <gbalazs@honlab.nmfs.hawaii.edu> Date: Fri, 23 Jul 2010 17:57:02 -1000 From: Bill Puleloa
billp@wave.hicv.net> Subject: Re: From Keoki-- Darn! wishing you safe passage. By default, mess,

1

Date: Wed, 21 Jul 2010 13:35:25 -1000
From: Shandell Brunson <Shandell.Brunson@noaa.gov>
To: 'George H. Balazs' <gbalazs@honlab.nmfs.hawaii.edu>
Subject: DOCARE Molokai

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(808) 553-5190 Tel:

Fax: (808) 553-3951



(10) Po Box 1268 Walleky Hi 96793 SOLOMON "ALIA" (Not correct spelling

7/25/2010 Sunday Depart ISLAND AIR 545pm FULL Flight TRRIVE ~ 605 pm Areport, National Car Rental is at the Holons, M. Rice Room 110 Rene 3 children w/ lete, Ken w/wite Filipines having Dinney UP 530Rm- Breakf 70, whenf wice fellow paint 1000 ~830 am-Many Hoakers.

KAILA Rones Youngest Joey & Reko Ason =TITIANA od? Monday Got Moomon they from Cil Mac Malmillan Bought groceries of 2+4. I miles Dinner at Hotel Molobai EGG Plant PASTA 26 Bod ~ 10 pm FULLMOON -Rubys 7+3coffee TUESDAY & his Boat - Baby Fish (Catomoran) Ed son his GPS show /11,000 Miles on it. Defait, dock - 730gn - Colm - tas the 70 House then to pe Hard doptured Two large sting long in to fin grove to KAWAAGOA or vesting lemple of one Fall Digs from covier days weeks "

Placed

groper go 2/10 Joey : Renee Medeiros Wailuku HI 96793 eemedeiros@clearwire.r JA BICOY = 14 AILA of Northe Dame university - Bill POLELOA Story 2) Joe Kitaganua westing Papohaku? 2) Wave Crest Newt of Papohaku? 5) PART- Access to WAIKAWE
6) MARC DATA Set diving (totest computer
7) MAC Poipoi Peace Corps Mile Marker? Uthpress Molohai Map w/ Honv T-Shirt to DART PLACE #1 (GPS

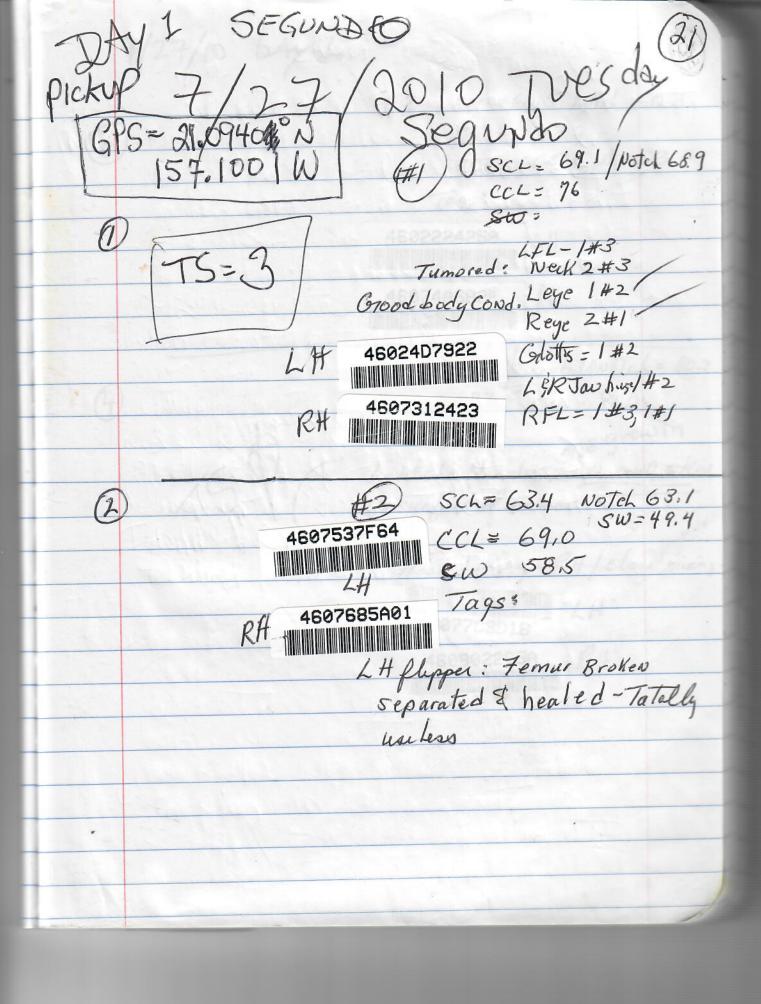
179/10 Breakfast at bakery, hwsday A.M. Tost at bakery, lun to d w/Ed Dione + Matson (Josef brok to fren (USC tigl up), (Aprilipped Canon 144) Dinner st H Good live Music Hotel Molo · 70 Bedlean 30/10 Breakfast at Bakery. Fish" 7 8302n Carry Rowlins helped pill wet, Back to pier in Dart's boot, the vizzopa, Took Masc to sirport Then I drove to thank Val WALKER Right HAND Beach - Took Plat VAlley/allove

POST NOTE: ONE of DARTS Grandsons

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turtles) go? Why would we kept

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7 tes Nisible. eye



7/27/10 DAY I

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Left shoulder Groy patch + issue:

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7/27/10 DAY I

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10 DAY I SC4= 57.7 SW= Notch= 57.6 CCL= 63.0 CW= 57.5 Tag-RH 4607724817 SCL=50.4 SW=40.5 Notch=503 CCL=540 CW=48.5 Tagsi 4608073408 RH 1163 hours SCL= 62.5 SW=50.5 Wotch = 62.4 CCL=69.0 CW= 62.0 LFL 1/4 missings, healed LH 4607614743 Claw missing- hosled RH

7/27/10 DAY I



SCh = 59.7 SW = 47.9

Notel= 59.3

CCL = 65.0 CW = 58.0

LH

4602072011



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SCL= 63.7 SW=51.5

Notel = 63.7

CCL = 70.0 CW = 63.0

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24 WWW.

RH

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SCL= 48.9 SW=37.9

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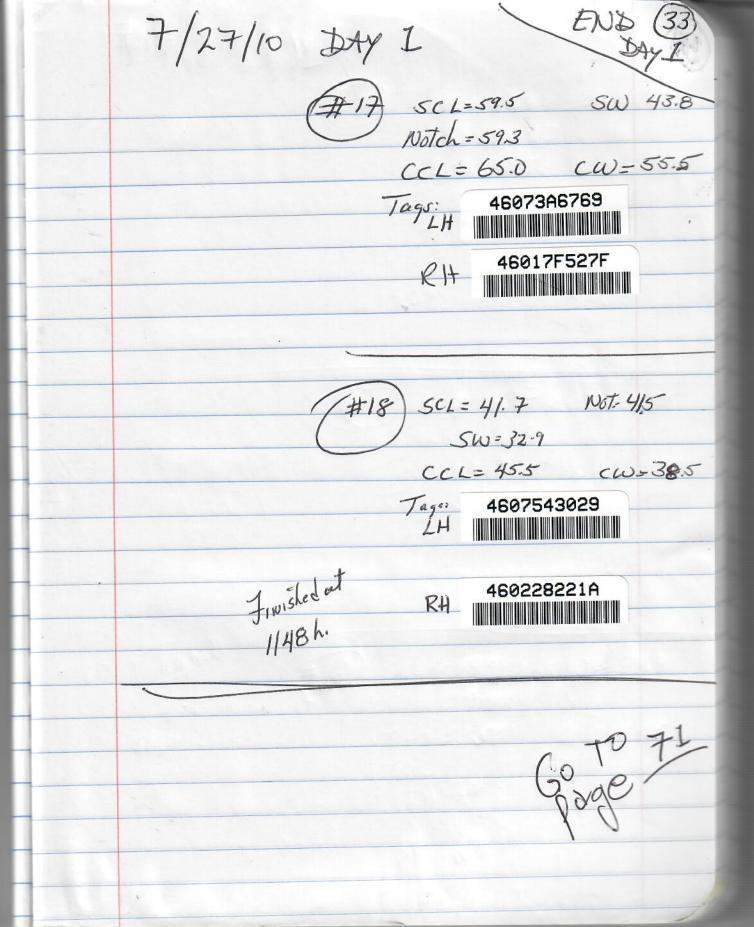
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4607732063





Persistent Infectivity of a Disease-Associated Herpesvirus in Green Turtles after Exposure to Seawater

Sadie S. Curry,¹ Daniel R. Brown,² Jack M. Gaskin,² Elliott R. Jacobson,³ Llewellyn M. Ehrhart,⁴ Silvia Blahak,⁵ Lawrence H. Herbst,⁶ and Paul A. Klein⁻¹³ ¹ Interdisciplinary Program in Biomedical Sciences, College of Medicine, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida 32611, USA; ² Department of Pathobiology, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida 32611, USA; ³ Department of Small Animal Clinical Sciences, College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida 32611, USA; ⁴ Department of Biology, University of Central Florida, Orlando, Florida 32816, USA; ⁵ Staatliches Veterinaruntersuchungsamt, of Biology, University of Central Florida, Orlando, Florida 32816, USA; ⁵ Staatliches Veterinaruntersuchungsamt, New Detmold 32758 Germany; ⁶ The Institute for Animal Studies, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Bronx, New Detmold 32758 Germany; ⁶ The Institute for Animal Studies, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Uni-York 10461, USA; ⁶ Department of Pathology, Immunology, and Laboratory Medicine, College of Medicine, Uni-York 10461, USA; ⁶ Department of Pathology, Immunology, and Laboratory Medicine, Box 100275, University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida 32611-0275 USA.

ABSTRACT: Herpesviruses are associated with several diseases of marine turtles including lung-eye-trachea disease (LETD) and gray patch disease (GPD) of green turtles (Chelonia mydas) and fibropapillomatosis (FP) of green, loggerhead (Caretta caretta), and olive ridley turtles (Lepidochelys olivacea). The stability of chelonian herpesviruses in the marine environment, which may influence transmission, has not been previously studied. In these experiments, LETD-associated herpesvirus (LETV) was used as a model chelonian herpesvirus to test viral infectivity after exposure to seawater. The LETV virus preparations grown in terrapene heart (TH-1) cells were dialyzed for 24 to 120 hr against aerated artificial or natural seawater or Hank's balanced salt solution (HBBS). Fresh TH-1 cells were inoculated with dialyzed LETV, and on day 10 post-infection cells were scored for cytopathic effect. Virus samples dialyzed up to 120 hr were positive for the herpesvirus DNA polymerase gene by polymerase chain reaction. Electron microscopy revealed intact LETV nucleocapsids after exposure of LETV to artificial seawater or HBSS for 24 hr at 23 C. LETV preparations remained infectious as long as 120 hr in natural and artificial seawater at 23 C. Similar results were obtained with a second culturable chelonian herpesvirus, HV2245. LETV infectivity could not be detected after 48 hr exposure to artificial seawater at 30 C. Since LETV and HV2245 remain infectious for extended periods of time in the marine environment, it is possible that FP-associated and GPD-associated herpesviruses also may be stable. These findings are significant both for researchers studying the epidemiological association of herpesviruses with diseases of marine turtles and for individuals who handle turtles in marine turtle conservation efforts. Key words: Green turtle, Chelonia mydas, herpesvirus, infectivity, seawater, disease.

Herpesviruses have been associated

with several diseases of chelonians (tortoises and turtles). Tortoise herpesviruses cause conjunctivitis, stomatitis, tracheitis, and pneumonia in Hermann's (Testudo hermanni), spur-thighed (Testudo graeca), and Central Asian tortoises (Testudo horsfieldii) (Biermann and Blahak, 1994; Kabish and Frost, 1994; Marschang et al., 1997). A herpesvirus also has been identified in green turtles (Chelonia mydas) with experimentally induced fibropapillomatosis (FP), and has been associated with naturally occurring FP in green, loggerhead (Caretta caretta), and olive ridley (Lepidochelys olivacea) turtles (Jacobson et al., 1991; Herbst et al., 1998; Quackenbush et al., 1998; Lackovich et al., 1999). FP has been transmitted by scratch inoculation with cell free tumor filtrates (Herbst et al., 1995a). In addition, herpesviruses have been associated with two diseases of mariculture-reared green turtles, gray patch disease (GPD), a necrotizing dermatitis of post-hatching green turtles (Rebel et al., 1975) and lung-eye-trachea disease (LETD), characterized by conjunctivitis, pharyngitis, tracheitis and pneumonia (Jacobson et al., 1986). GPD has been transmitted by scratch inoculation of naïve sea turtles with bacteria-free preparations derived from GPD lesions (Rebel et al., 1975). Many herpesviruses have been successfully cultured from tortoises. However, despite numerous attempts to cultivate GPD-associated and FP-associated herpesviruses, the LETD-



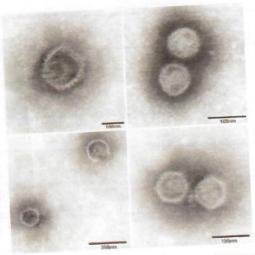


FIGURE 1. Negative stain electron microscopy images of lung-eye-trachea virus (LETV) after 24-hr exposure to artificial seawater or Hank's balanced salt solution (HBSS) at 23 C. The top left and right panels illustrate herpesvirus virions after exposure to HBSS. The icosahedral nucleocapsid structure is clearly visible and is approximately 100 nm in diameter. The bottom left and right panel illustrates herpesvirus virions after exposure to artificial seawater.

titered for infectivity. Although the viral envelopes were not clearly visible, four independent experiments demonstrated that LETV preparations remained infectious after a 48 hr exposure to artificial seawater or HBSS at 23 C (Fig. 2). The virus preparations used in each experiment had slightly different initial titers (four-six log10TCID50/ml), but the titer consistently decreased approximately one log₁₀TCID₅₀/ml (10%) after 48 hr dialysis. Similar results were obtained for HV2245. In one experiment LETV exposed to natural seawater for up to 120 hr at 23 C remained infectious with a three $log_{10}TCID_{50}/ml$ (50%) decrease in titer. In a separate experiment, LETV infectivity was reduced approximately one $\log_{10} TCID_{50}/ml$ after 96 hr when dialyzed against artificial seawater or HBSS at 15 C, and was reduced two log₁₀TCID₅₀/ml after 96 hr at 23 C, but all infectivity (>four log₁₀TCID₅₀/ml) was lost after 48 hr at 30 C.

Many factors contribute to the spread of

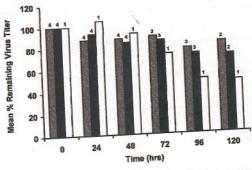


FIGURE 2. Persistent infectivity of lung-eye-trachea virus (LETV) after dialysis for 120 hr at 23 C. Mean % remaining virus titer of LETV exposed to artificial seawater , to Hank's balanced salt solution (HBSS) , and natural seawater from Sebastian Inlet are shown. Numbers above each bar are equal to number of replicates.

infectious diseases in animal populations. Stability of a pathogen outside the host is a critical factor in the epidemiology of a disease. The ability of a pathogen to remain infectious in the environment of its host may facilitate disease transmission. These experiments provide the first evidence that disease-associated marine herpesviruses retain their infectivity for extended periods of time outside the host in a marine environment.

These experiments utilized both artificial and natural seawater and virus infected cell lysates that simulated virally infected cells shed or sloughed from a diseased marine turtle into marine habitats. Consistent results obtained in four independent dialysis-exposure experiments supported the conclusion that LETV infectivity persists after exposure to seawater. Additionally, the tortoise herpesvirus HV2245 had similar stability following exposure to seawater, suggesting that other chelonian herpesviruses such as FP-associated and GPD-associated herpesviruses may share attributes necessary for survival under harsh environmental conditions.

It is likely that the extent of herpesvirus persistence in a natural marine environment will depend upon numerous other environmental factors. The composition of seawater is in a constant state of flux and virus stability will likely be influenced by changes in temperature, currents, depth, sunlight, and pH. Organic material, especially protein, or cellular debris may stabilize viruses and increase survival (Lipson and Stotzky, 1984). Suspended sediments, such as clay, may also have a similar effect of stabilizing infectious virus (Clark et al., 1998). In addition to the physical and chemical components, the biological composition of a specific site can negatively or positively influence virus survival. Microbes producing antiviral substances have been documented in marine habitats and have been reported to decrease the amount of time infectious virus persists in the environment (Girones et al., 1989). The presence of a higher level of such microbes at one location verses the absence or lower level at another location may account for differences in virus survivability and disease transmissibility.

Because the temperature of seawater in marine turtle habitats fluctuates throughout the year, virus preparations were dialyzed against artificial seawater at temperatures ranging from 15 C to 30 C (Herbst et al., 1995a). LETV lost infectivity after 48 hr exposure to artificial seawater at 30 C, suggesting that at higher temperatures herpesviruses shed into seawater may be inactivated more rapidly. This study simulates the persistence of free virus shed into seawater. It is likely that temperature will affect the persistence properties of herpesviruses within infected lesions differently. In addition, this study does not address the effect temperature may have on the disease process. For instance, lesions in green turtles infected with GPDassociated herpesvirus had faster onset, development, and increased severity at 30 C (Haines and Klesse, 1977). In contrast, green turtles inoculated with filtrates containing FP-associated virus developed tumors during the winter months (low 15 C) and continued to develop as the water temperature increased (high 30 C) (Herbst et al., 1995a). It is difficult to

speculate on the true effect of water temperature on virus transmissibility especially since sea turtles traverse numerous marine habitats of varying water temperatures during their life history.

The ability of LETV to retain infectivity in a marine environment is not surprising since herpesviruses are known to be quite stable. Human herpesvirus 1 can persist for eight weeks at ambient humidity and temperature (Mahl and Sadler, 1975). The swine herpesvirus, pseudorabies, remained infectious for at least seven days on fomites such as whole corn, polypropylene, loam soil, and vinyl rubber (Schoenbaum et al., 1991). Marine herpesviruses may also be able to survive out of water for extended periods of time on surfaces of equipment, instruments, boats, or in facilities that contact sea turtles infected with herpesviruses.

The stability of other viruses in marine habitats has been previously assessed (Lo et al., 1976; Fujioka et al., 1980). Most of the research has focused on the potential contamination of marine and estuarine habitats with human enteric viruses as a result of wastewater release. If enteroviruses can survive in marine habitats, coastal waters used for recreation and harvest of shellfish may serve as a reservoir and thus become a public health hazard (Fujioka et al., 1980). Human enteric viruses including hepatitis A virus, poliovirus, echovirus, and rotavirus not only persist after exposure to seawater but have also been documented to be taken up by certain aquatic organisms (Goyal et al., 1979; LaBelle et al., 1980; Hejkal and Gerba, 1981).

Transmission of mammalian herpesviruses is usually by contact of infected cells in saliva, urogenital excretions, or free virus in aerosols (Fields et al., 1996). At this time little is known about the mechanism of transmission of herpesvirus infections in marine environments. Herpesviruses from infected turtles may be transmitted to uninfected individuals by direct contact between turtles, by vectors, by contact with



virus in sediments or suspended in seawater. The data of the present study are evidence that chelonian disease-associated herpesviruses may retain their infectivity for extended periods of time in the marine environment. As a result, common foraging grounds which potentially attract a high density of susceptible hosts may serve as a reservoir for infectious viruses and may facilitate transmission (Herbst and Klein, 1995b).

The results of this study are significant for both researchers studying diseases of marine turtles and various aspects of marine turtle conservation. Caution should be taken when handling marine turtles. Instruments, tools, hands, and work surfaces that have been in contact with turtles that could harbor herpesviruses should be cleaned to minimize risk of transmission. Ongoing attempts are being made to cultivate FP-associated herpesvirus and GPD-associated herpesvirus to assess their ability to maintain infectivity after exposure to seawater.

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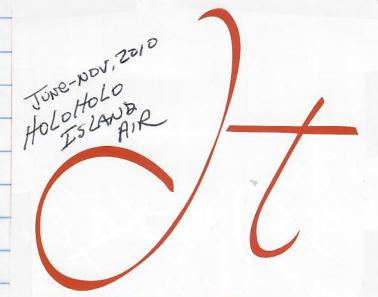
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WAS SAID THAT, OF ALL THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS,

quiet, unassuming Moloka'i was the one that King Kamehameha V loved the best. Every month or two, Kamehameha and his court retainers would leave Honolulu Harbor on a visiting ship or aboard his schooner, *Kamaile*, and cross Ka'iwi Channel to Kaunakakai. Sometimes he went to Moloka'i to take care of personal business. On other occasions, he went expressly to relax and enjoy amenities that only Moloka'i could offer. More often than not, he combined work with play, looking forward to each escape from the bustle of O'ahu and to a gentler, more rural way of life.

Kamehameha V, or Lot Kapuaiwa, possessed an entrepreneurial spirit that seeded great plans for the unpretentious island. He envisioned fields of sugar cane growing on the fertile upland plain at Kualapu'u. He introduced longhorn cattle for hides and tallow, and deer for skins and meat. Because of his chiefly rank and privilege, cattle on the lowlands and deer in the uplands were placed under a *kapu*, or taboo, so they would not be harmed while they firmly established their numbers. The animals were free to roam the island, so stone walls were constructed to keep them out of the banana and sweet potato gardens of the farmers. Fragments of these walls can still be found today in the valleys of Kawela and Kamalo.

At Kawela, Kamehameha developed the area's ancient salt works, which produced quality sea salt for use by chiefs and commoners as well as the island's fishermen, whose nets teemed with huge schools of tender fish in season. These efforts kept the people of Moloka'i very busy, and they prospered immensely under his direct guidance and support.

No other location on the island could match Kaunakakai for resort and relaxation. Historically, the place name Kaunakakai ("resting on the beach") referred to canoes that sailed through the reef to fish and pull ashore here. Canoes and commoners both, however, kept their distance from the white-sand beach at Kaunakakai, reserved only for the chiefs. Royalty came here to bask in the warm sun and enjoy the bounty of fresh ocean delicacies and tasty *taro* that came from Moloka'i's east side. They took refreshing dips in the cool spring-water pond

and engaged in playful competitions of lawn bowling at several courses nearby.

Not far from today's Kaunakakai Wharf there once stood a raised area called Kalaeokamanu, named after the golden plover birds that returned every year from breeding grounds in the cold north to fatten in tropical climes. It was at this particular site that Kamehameha V established his personal retreat, Mālama.

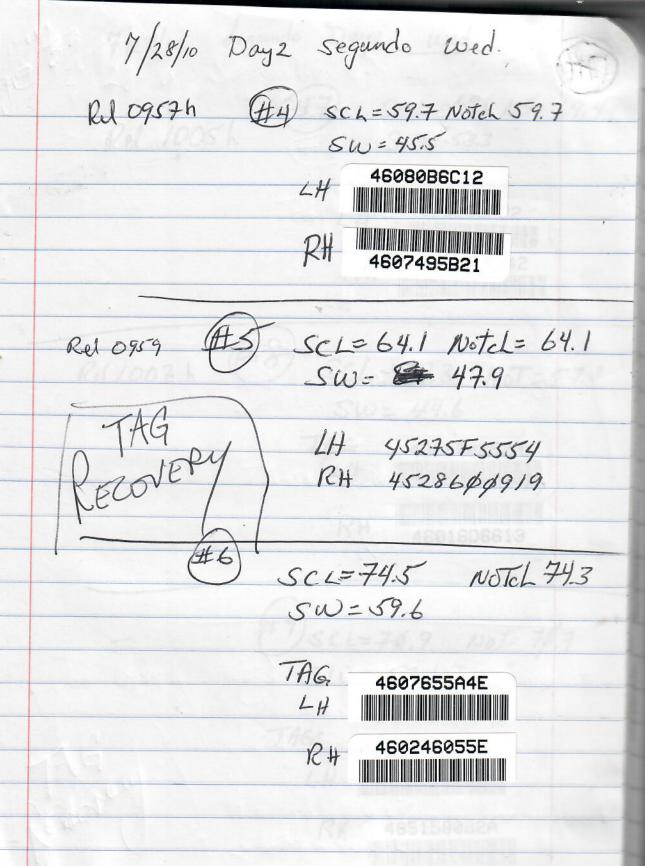
On 3 oceanfront acres, the king constructed a thatched house of two spacious rooms carpeted in native style with fragrant woven mats. It was completely surrounded by a porch, which invited the sea spray carried onshore by intermittent breezes. An avid reader who passionately encouraged literacy among his people, Kamehameha also included a well-furnished parlor lined with glass bookcases, each brimming with

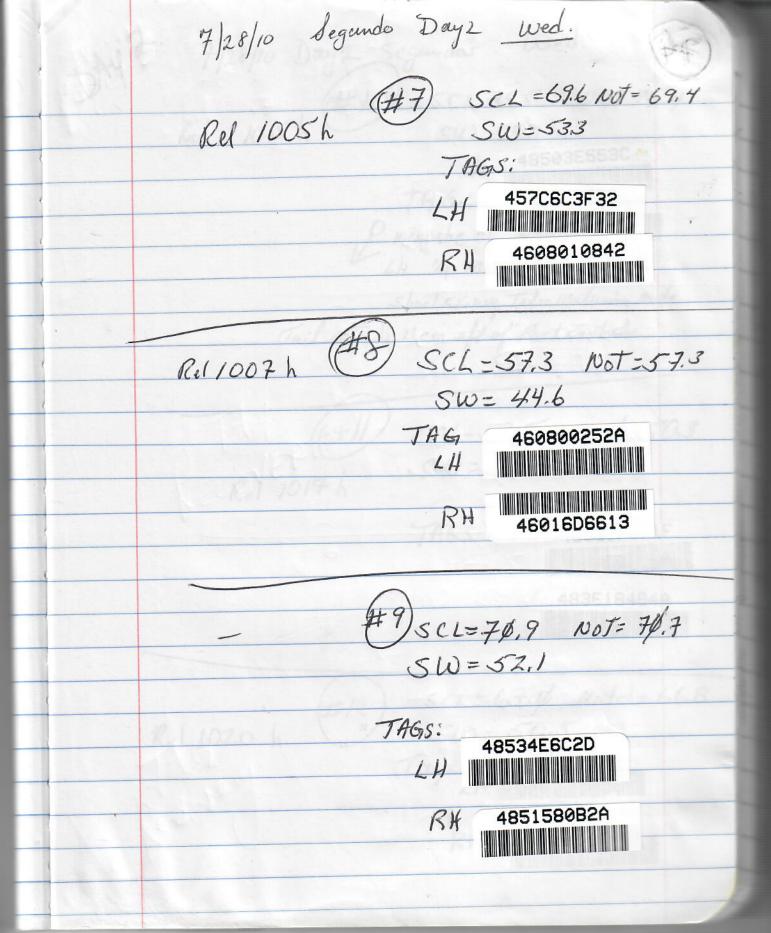
publications in the English language. Another marvel of the beautiful home was the faucet that piped fresh water into the house from springs on the grounds. Coconut trees were planted all around Mālama to provide shade from Kaunakakai's hot summer sun. The property also included five additional houses for his guests and retainers, as well as for storage. Most were thatched with sweet native grasses, and one or two were made of wood.

Neither Mālama nor the coconut trees surrounding it have survived the 140 years that have passed since Kamehameha V's death. But the Kapuaiwa Grove, a forest of 1,000 coconut trees planted in the mid-1800s and named in honor of Kamehameha and his deep connection with Moloka'i, still stands today on the edge of Kaunakakai.

June-November 2010 3

from	33/128/10 Segundo day 2 Wednesday
	Rul 0948 h. #1) SCI 78.7 SW=623
	74GS\$ 460760393B
	LH 4607757344
	#2) SCL = 58.3 SW = 43.8 NoTch = 58.2
	TAGS2 LH 460735250C
	₹ 1601694957
	lil 0954 h ##3 SCL=69.8 NOT=SAME SW 54.6 LH 44524B6\$24 RH 4454667607
	healing shallow in jumy to dors & Necks Old Tag Loss LFL





7/28/10 Day 2 Segundo's Wed.

(#10) SCL 75.5 NOT 75.4

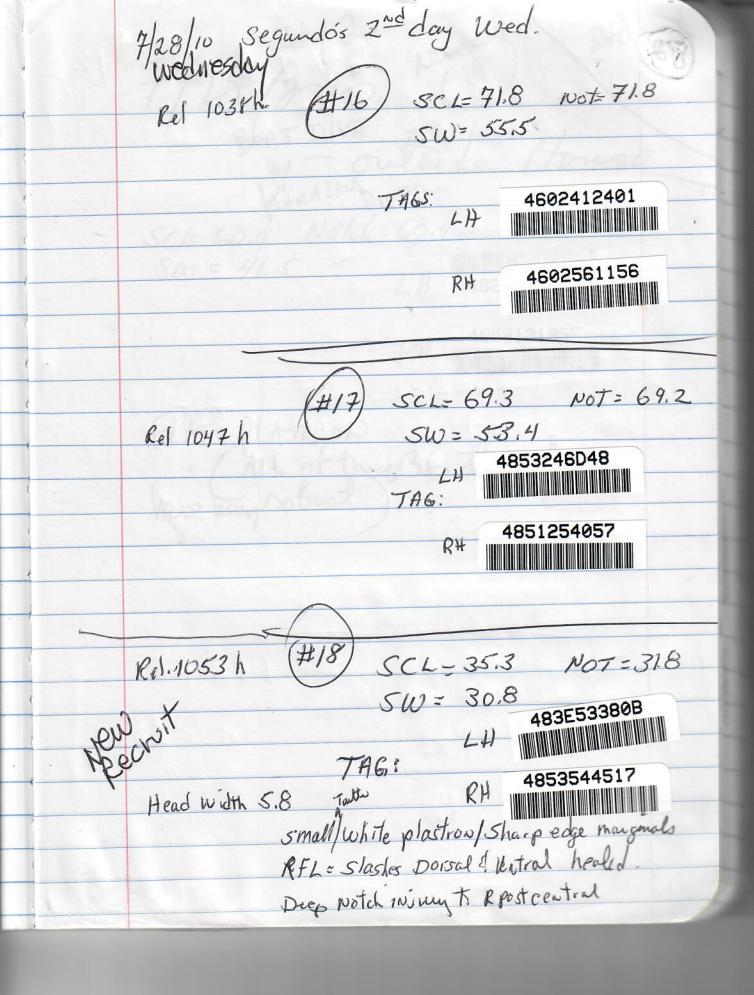
Rd 1015 h SW 38.1 H 48503E553C

TRO: 48515F741A

P wande Rt 48515F741A

LH 1/4 Missing & healed. Short SK, my Tail - maturing made Tail extends 11 cm aft of Post contrals. SCL-50.5 Not=503 SW = 38.9 Rel 1017 K TA6.5 48531F071F 483E18484A SCL=67.0 Notcl=668 #12 SW= 50.5 Ral 1020 h Tags: 48584B4916 4830093265 RH

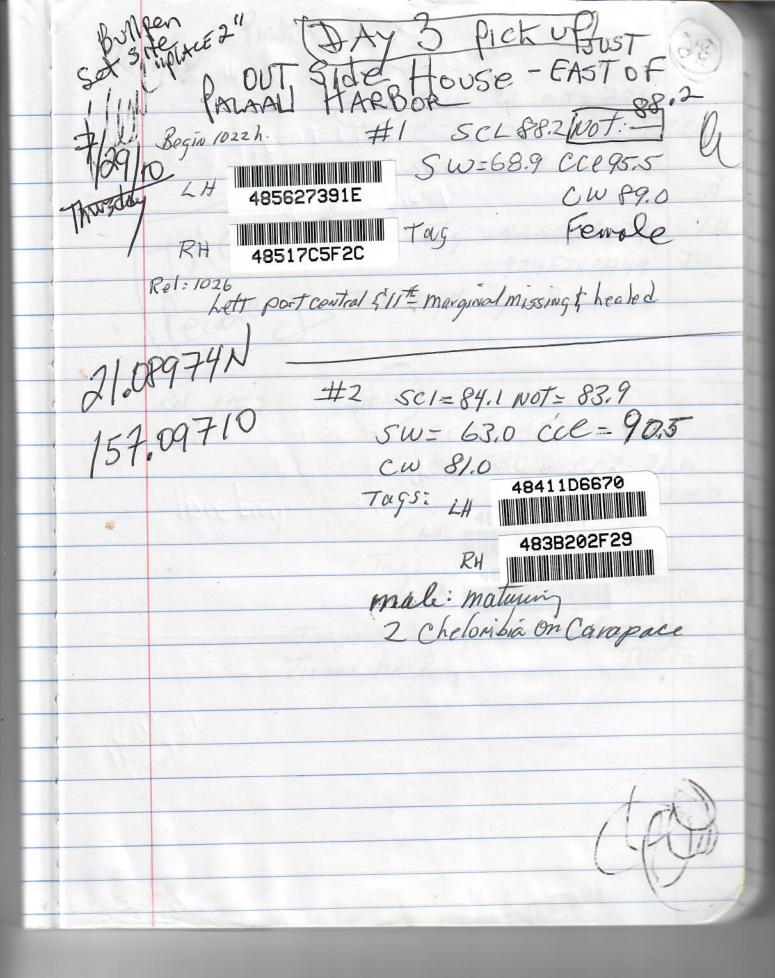
7/28/10 Segundos second day wed.
el 1026 h (#13) SCL:58.8 NOT: 58.5 SW: 490
SW= 44,0
Tags: LH 46021F0D56
RH= 457C232577
RE REPORTED AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
Rel 1026. (#14) SCL= 69.6 NOT= 69.4
1029h. Sw= 45.5
4607423C72 Life
TAG: 4601684A54
R# ###################################
RH 1/8 Missins E healed
Rel 1033 L. (# 15) SCL 64.3 NOT 63.9 SW-49.9
1602386502 TAG:
R)
Smarrow and special distant had



D North BAT DIVE OUTSI LO SC1= 60.4 Notch=60,4 SW = 465 RH 485812195F FLAT PLASTRON

(ALL of them of the August)

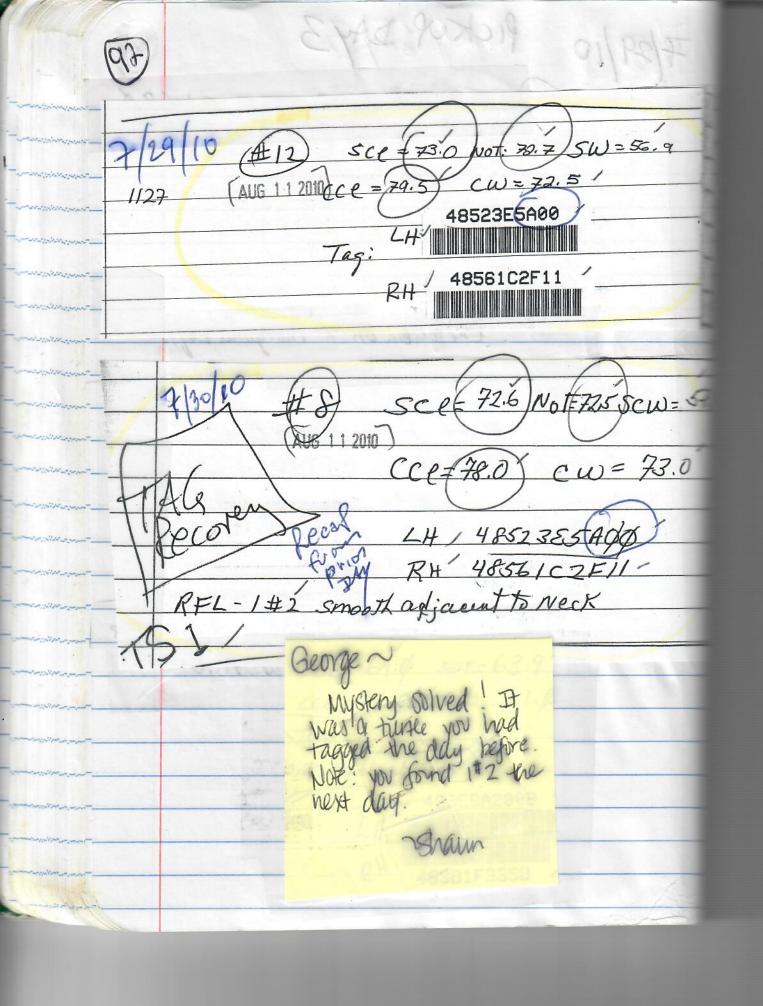
Wave been robust)



7/29/10 Pickup DAy 3 #3 SCI=73.1 Not=72.9 CCP=80.0 CW=73.0 SW = 56.3 Tag: 42500 A4243 LH 424F243A49 RH Tail lengthening - & Rel 1039 SCE=645Not=64.2 SW=50.6 CCC 71.0 CW= 64.0 Impact vijuy 2" central spongy Tusue healing TISSVE

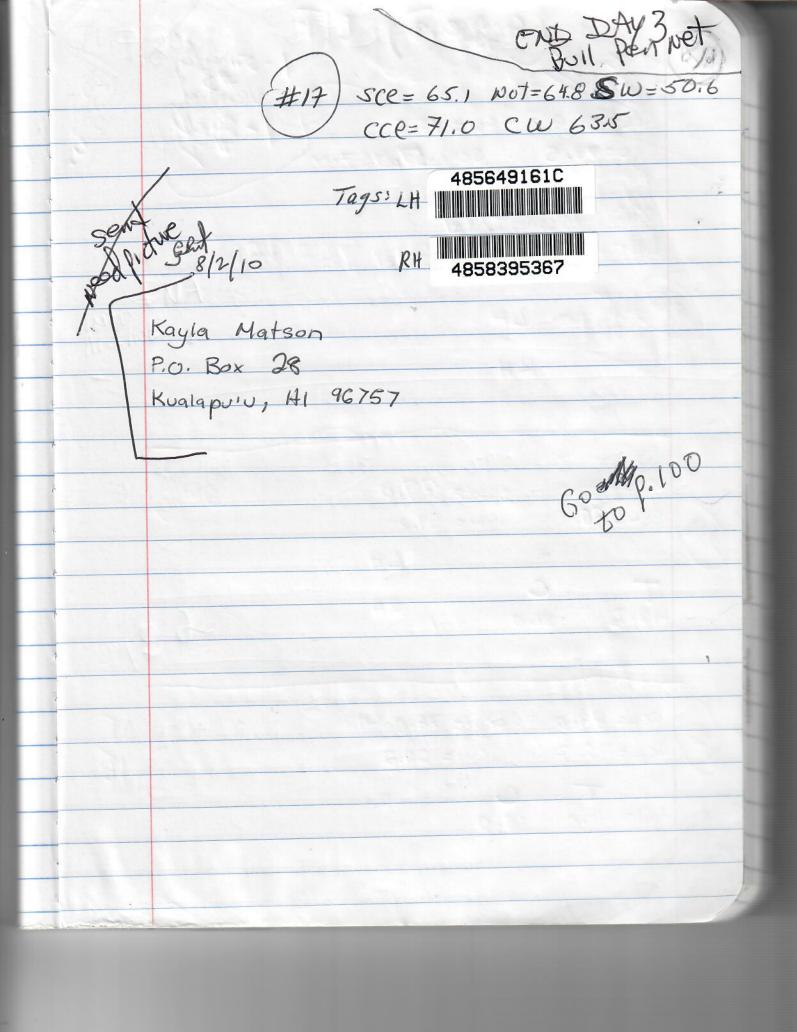
7/29/10 Pickel Day 3
RFL=Dorsal shoulder SW= 60.6 CCP=86.0 CW= 80.5 1#3 Smooth to normal skin
Tags: LH 4856400415
2 punctur wounds second tatend left healed. 8 cm 2port 1
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY
CCE=73.0 CW=67.0
Tags: LH 48414D7720 RA 4857143300
Ref: 1102 #7 5Ce=71.2 NOT:=/ SW=54.9
Ref: 1102 #7 5Ce=71.2 NOT:=/ SW=54.9 CCE = 78.5 CW: 68.5 "Maturing male Tail" Tars: 483C19763C LH
4852167508 RH

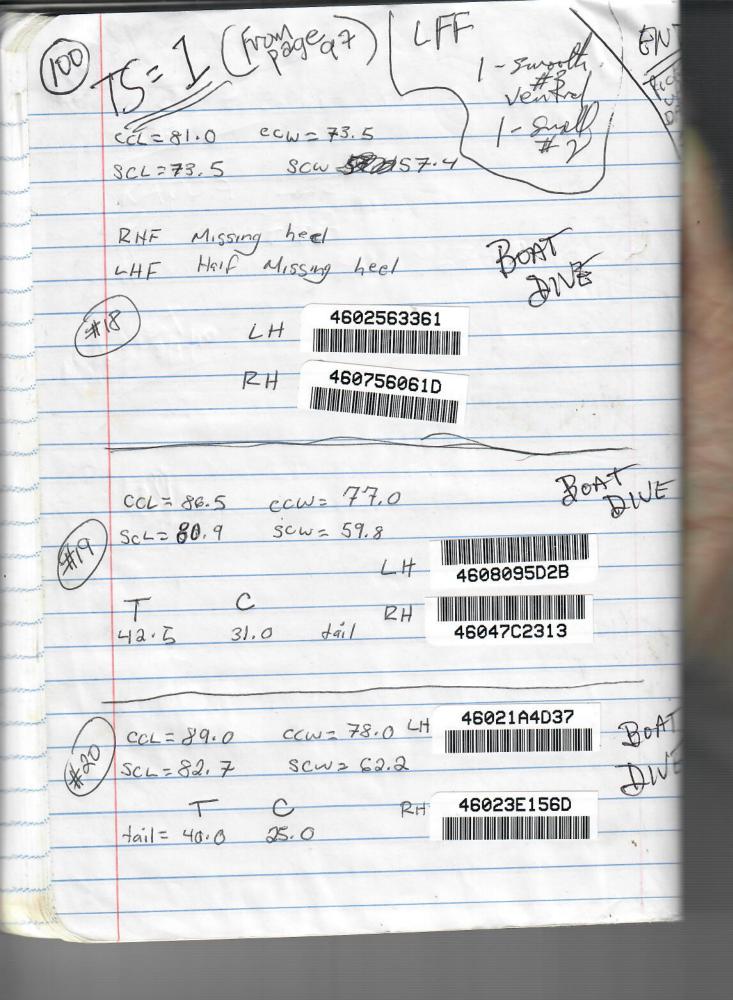
	7/29/10 PICKUP DAY 3
9 - 20	(48) sce=85.9 No7. — SW=69.0
	CCE = 93.0 CW = 83.0 Tags: 46080B4457 LH 4607526045
	Mature & Cheloisbia on 4 marginal Left.
	Rel 1112 (#9) SCR= 63.0 NoT=62.6 SW= 48.2 CCR= 69.0 CW= 60.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2H 46017B3209 RX 4607512742
	Rel 1117 # 10 $SC_1=71.9$ $NO7=71.8$ $SN=57.3$ $CC_1=71.9$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$ $CC_2=76.0$
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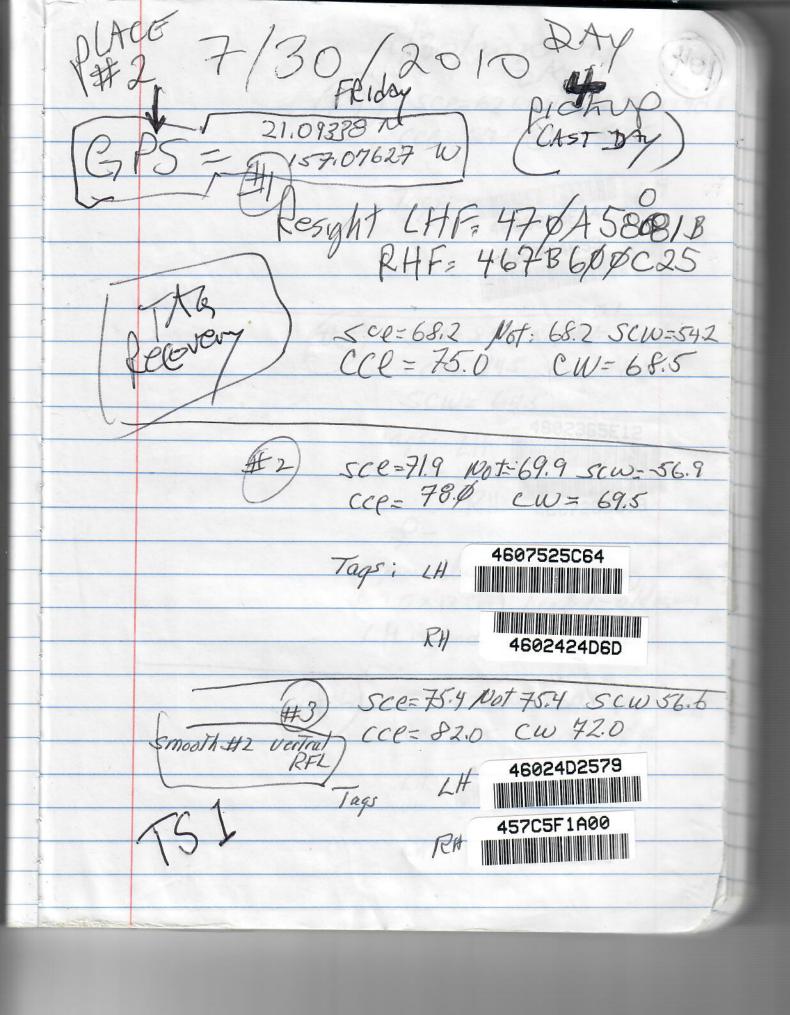
	7/29/10 Pickup DAy 3
	Rel H21 SCE=77.9 NoT: 77.4 SW58.9 CCE 83.5 CW 76.0 Tags: 483B4A243E
	7ags: LH 483B4A243E Rtt 4856513707
	neonly mature of Tail Length 16 cm beyond post controls
ŧ	#12) SCE = 73.0 NOT: 70.7 SW = 56.9
ŧ Ł	1127 (Ce = 79.5 CW = 72.5 48523E5A00 Tag:
7	2H 48561C2F11
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ST (#13) SCE= 64.\$\phi\$ NOT=63.9 &W=49.\$\phi\$ CCE=70.\$\phi\$ CW=61.\$\phi\$
£ /	1#2 RT. Weck Tags: 2#3 RT. Hind-pink, scabby, bloody
*	######################################

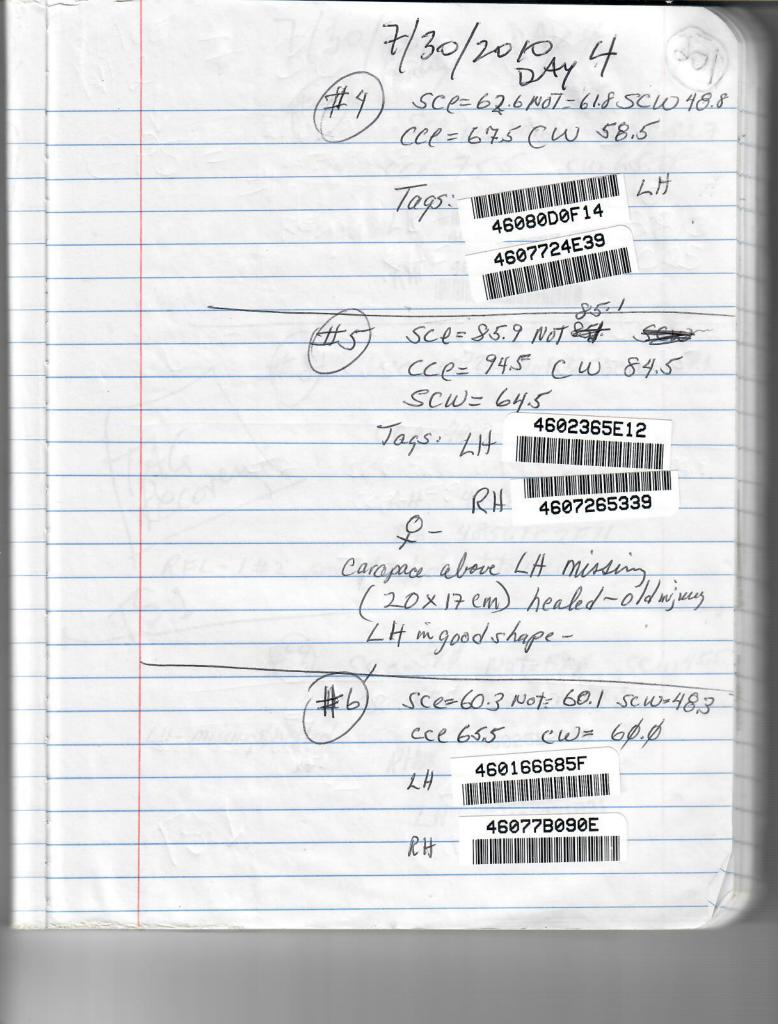
7/29/10 24/3	7
Red 1145 h (#14) Sce= 78.9 NOT 78.8 SW 61.6 CCE= 85.5 CW= 75.0	
Tags Tags 485151357C LH 485123403C RH DNA Biopsy Taben from Left Hind-Placed in PST Tag bag INTO Modrol (sunburst) Very Colorful Carapace Photos Taken	
Rel 1149 (#15) Sce-59.2 Not: 59.0 SW-44.4 CCe=63.5 CW=56.5	
Tags: LH 483B034C20 RH 482D771A12	
#16 SCI=72.4 NOT=71.4 SW=52.6 15t 31, 4t Lateral RI. CCE=77.5 CW=67.5 Deep healed scratches- Tags: LH 1050001878	,
Left postcentral broken & healed Early maturin, male	

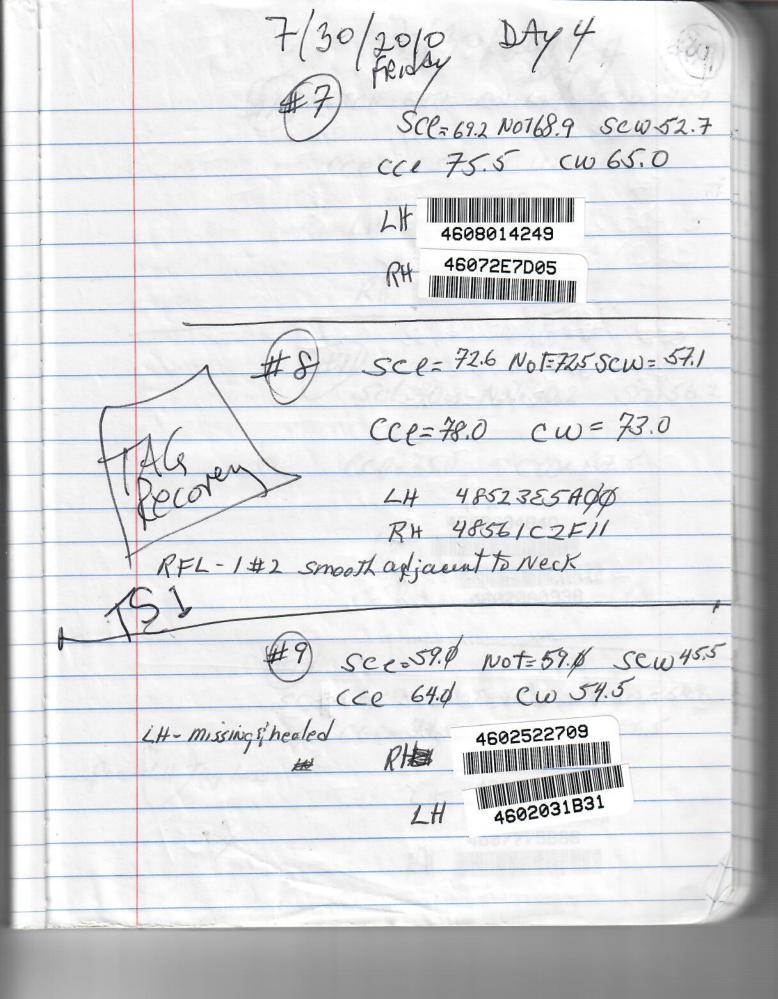




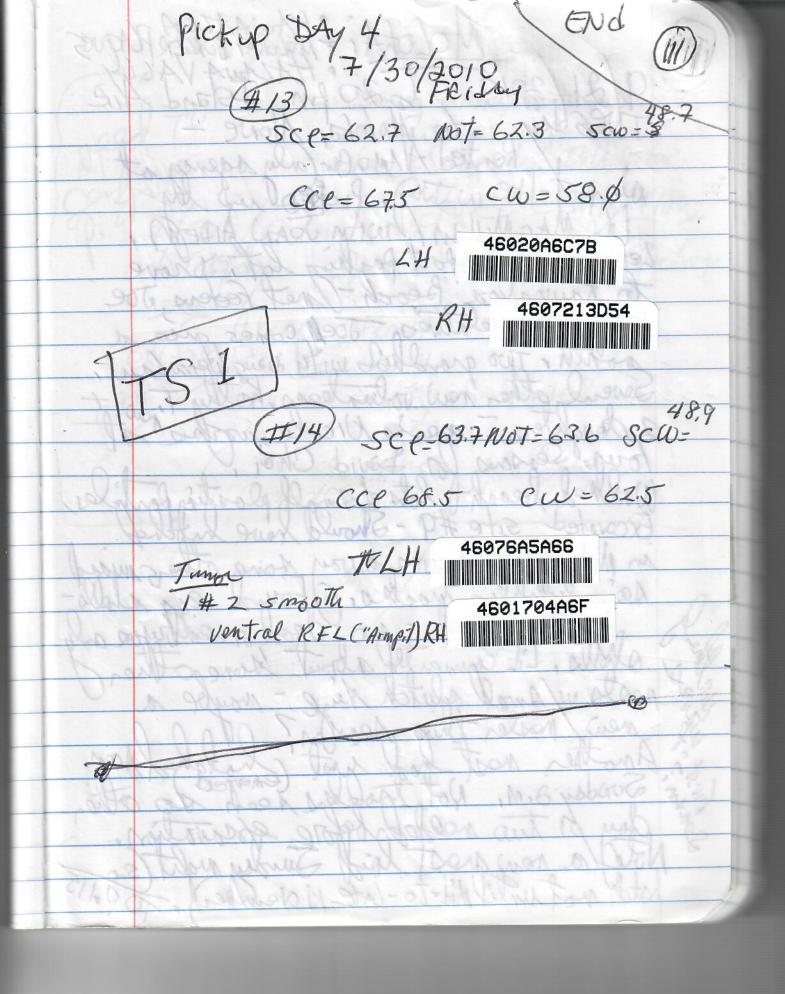
7/30/10 Ingrade KAPUA LEE P.O. BOX 748 KAUNAKAKAI, HI 96748 4607213D54







7/30/02010 4 910) 5CE=64.7 NOT=64.7 SCW47.9
\$10) SCE=64.7 NOT=64.7 SCW47.9
CCE=695 CW=60.5
46076E5018
4607522612 R#
Scl=70.3 No]=70.2 Scw56.2
CCP=75,0 CW=67.5
∠₩ 4602334B4D
RH 46020A0938
412
SCP = 68.7 NOT = 68.7 SCW = 54.9
CCE= 74.5 CW = 66.5
Possible H Tag Loss 46075F2073
4607775B66 RH



0,20 km In David not until Mid- to-late N dender Doing MAINGANS TOWIST WERVENS 2+ 21 Port When I deforted ISLANDAR,

Fishing Nets John Kalilikane 553-3929 **PUFFER ALERT** Arleone 553-5992

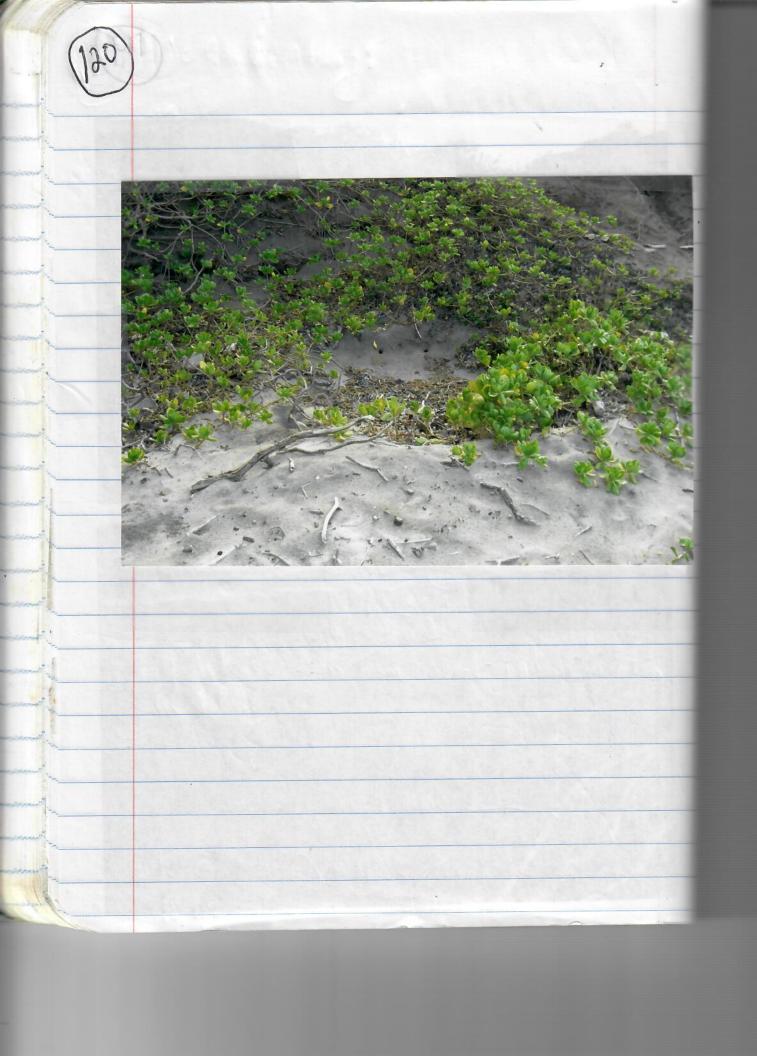
MOCOKAI 9/21/10 CONTINUED with tracks (cups To Town - walked and hanginge Browsel Fish & Diver (No one 2000 mondation to each - Green to Mediginos, Blue TO











Eddie GARGA MAILING: our ears! Mite to lebos email -write and moter him up wit 18 PUU O HOKU Ranch Terry & hospitality 18 PUU O HOKU Ranch Terrate 558 8550 LAVINACHARIER POHAKU PILI COVE (FAMILIANS SAO? Built house here 2001, Very rough Lint rood-4-who Bill Pulelow son from School- Phd dissertation in valley. Murphy whit Note Air strip; wind sock,

The follow lavina Curre

11-19 Pur o How (hele) holace alo

lavaholu Paol. cor 8 NOVEMBER 2010 Mordoy 1 Deport 655 Am Island ai W Joy BROWNING FWS, Big Breakful from Molokoe Frage # 6+ coffee junted car- drowe to Halawa - Stoffer had taketto her in September rouga kuyyaffone place noth man Holawa Count Scholy no sand there, Met LAVINIA 10,15 vally - split up from witor - Siver half time afternation here, at his form by stopping at lookout to talk. ective triggered by citation to rand from Dottothe to lets and comping - structures left all year round - cut inside ting to others wanting to comp (See 9, 124)



Community Contributed

Halawa Valley Clean-Up

BY LAVINIA CURRIER, PU'U O HOKU RANCH

LO Hoku Ranch in regards to the community to "do something about the camping in Halawa Valley. Histori- campers." cally, the ranch has welcomed campers in the summer season on the far side of of Halawa Valley met and they agreed Kama alaea Bay for short periods, hop- that the structures should be removed ing that by limiting the length of any family's stay there will be room for all families to enjoy. These landowners interested families to enjoy the beauty were also concerned that the water use and serenity of Halawa. Over time, cer- by the campers in increasing numbers tain campers extended their stay to the for longer periods of time had begun to entire summer, and we at Pu'u O Hoku impact their water levels, essential for received many complaints about these long-term campers dominating the beach area. Long-term campers make it structures still standing in October and difficult for others to feel comfortable to shared with them the letters we had recan camp with their children.

longer term campers as a group and it obliged to remove them and donate the was agreed to limit the time of camping materials. within specific guidelines. This agreement was not honored the following some cleaning in the valley, and invite summer by some of the campers and therefore we had to remove camps.

Now more years have gone by landowners including a potluck. and this fall we received a notice from Our objective is to return the County of Maui regarding the il- Kama`alaea Bay in Halawa to once and this fall we received a notice from legality of the semi-permanent camps again be the protected and safe place for and their latrines, which violate county rules. Pu'u O Hoku was notified that to play. Mahalo for your understanding. we would receive fines for those struc-

wish to make public to the people tures on Ranch land. In addition, we are of Molokai the intentions of Pu'u receiving renewed requests from the

Two weeks ago the landowners and the beach area cleaned up for all their farms and lo'i.

We contacted the campers with picnic and or to find places where they ceived and asked that they voluntarily remove their structures by the end of Several years ago, we met with the the month; if they do not, we will be

Following the removal, we will do the community to participate in a clean up with Halawa residents, campers and

everyone's children and grandchildren

Pou o Hoko Ranch 11-8-2010 Halswa Valley - Moloka Prove from look out to valle beach, walked beachseen, For end the semporter een her, Edge Sai this area in beary rain-Lims Koh re then wood free present, Saw tis season Digit would excavate yet; Drove aroun

11-8-2010 Halang Valley - Moloka poted ble gand like Kausaloa Drave prospring the both Eddie potes - 3° abilts dead - Malawa - at the Name time. Bill Poleton was informed at the time, Said to cover it up, doy bear with the Augustion deple at what a golf are thousand transmit, Som 13 reading 2- Pro the prepared Digit and I be excende hat work some branch

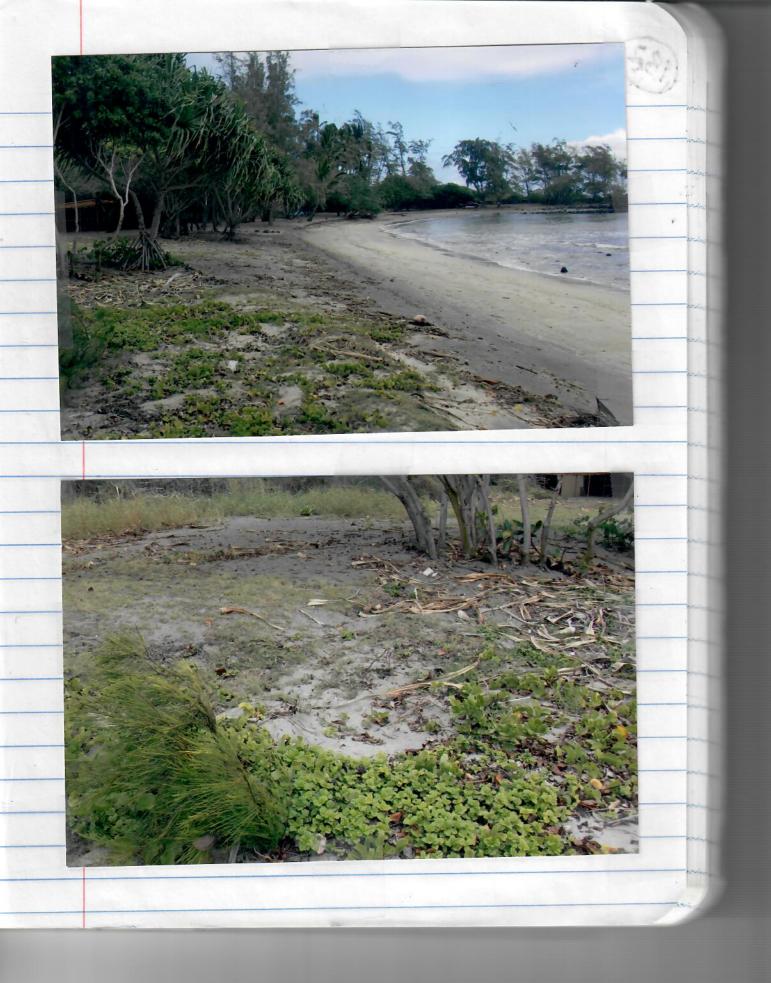
Hothur 11-8-2010 alt side of volley - Joy we Eddie walky lodge, Lunch us/ other Lavinia cousin Sophia, and husband NAME? Cive in North KOHALA - organiz form enthusiasts gon's beach (PottAky PilyCo drove Joy and MIN look at photos xard-likely salt and Brackish

Hoteland 11-8-2010

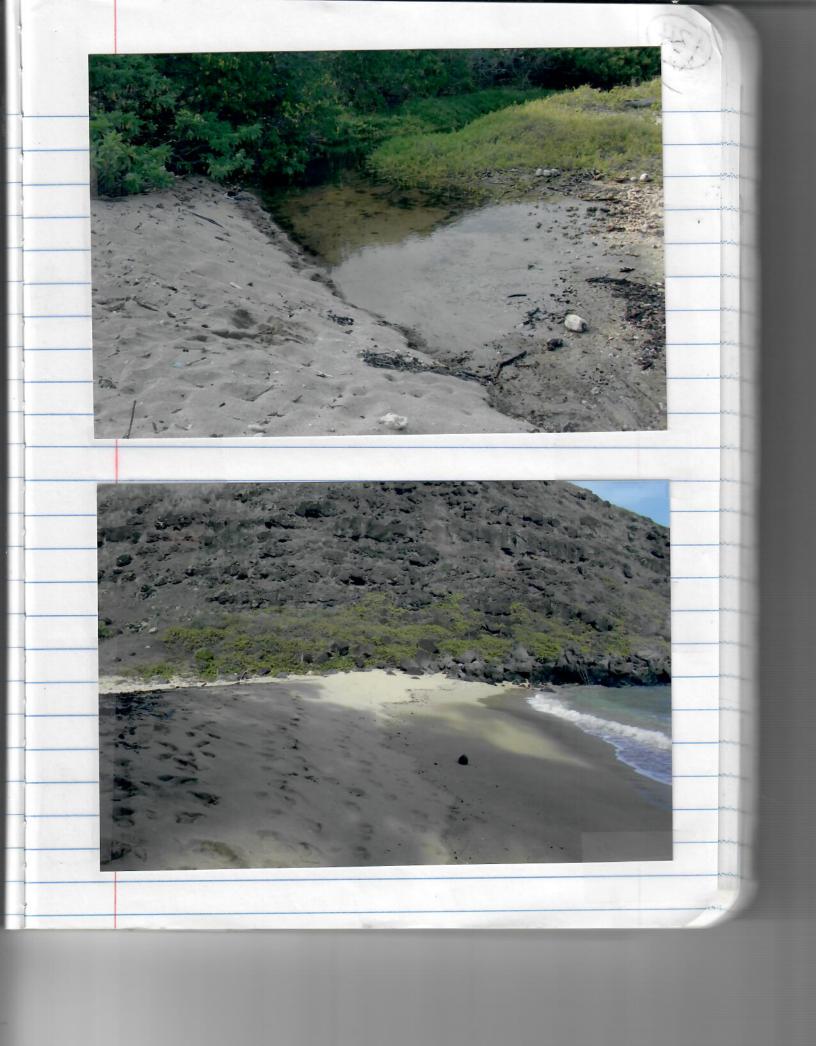
No possible way embryos sould be visble with constant notes emersion.

No other visting her know to them Chit ranside Oblow-Hard footon. I we to airport - Defailer Island AIR- 530pm.

11-8-10 A HALANLEY wind sould be Buling" Sid To aux port 00 when facing 350lmi,



[ARSONS





MERRY CHRISTMAS 2012!!!

AND....If we are all here celebrating Christmas this year, then Joey was right about why the Mayan stopped his Calendar at 12-21-2012 - "He was TIRED!! PAU ALREADY!!" hahaha!

And WOW our grandkids are taller than us!! Ok, well Tiana is still a LITTLE shorter than us, but it won't be long. Such terrific kids! We have so much fun with them! Kekoa (the awesome paddler with all the medals! ③) started at Seabury Hall this year.... Yes, HIGH SCHOOL!! What???? That can't be right! Heavy sigh..... and the girls, Kaila & Tiana, started at Emanuel Lutheran this year - so happy to have them back in Christian school! Where, according to Tiana, "you can talk about God and they won't tell you to shut up!" like at their last school! Thank you ,Lord! Kaila is starting volleyball & I think she will be awesome! She's truly a Coddington/Medeiros blend - tall & extremely strong! Stay tuned, you'll be hearing about her soon, I'm sure!

Our businesses..... I'm in year #25 at the Credit Union (but have no plans of leaving just yet), Eddie is scaling back but still doing the landscaping thing, but now has help from his nephews, Rico & Shawn - God bless 'em!! The laundromat is still making us "quarter-aires", but we closed Hayaku on November 29th - the first step in the new "retirement" phase of our lives -- it was a good 5 years, but we really feel God's peace about it all. ©

...... AND in the critter department....... The menagerie lives! Forgot to mention last year, a really cute orange kitty showed up - a lonely little guy all by himself - Rufus, by name - he discovered if he laid down in the cat food dish, the other cats would have to nuzzle him to get the food - so he'd lay there purring & rolling around in the dish thinking they were just loving HIM! It was sooo funny! His latest trick is he stands up on his hind legs just like a little man & waits for me to pet him! What balance! And of course, Sweetie the dog just loves having all these kitties to sniff & play with - she even lets a chosen 5 (yes, that's FIVE!) of them eat out of her dish with her! What a sight that is! A 90 pound German Shepherd sharing her dinner with a bunch of cats!!! Who'd a thunk it was possible?



And so another year closes - another year of God's love, provision and grace. We are thankful for His leading and his protection in these uncertain times. As Corrie Ten Bosaid, "There's no safer place to be than in the center of God's will." Amen! God bless keep you all safely in his arms!

LOVE + HU45 EDDIE + DI

+ ALL THE FURRY LITTLE FURRAS!

Mrs. Diane Medeiros PO Box 1216 Kaunakakai, HI 96748-1216



Joey's family - Kekoa, Tiana, Joey, Renee & Kaila - a great bunch of peoples!!



Kekoa & Kaila - inseparable, no matter WHAT Kai says!! And sweet, lovely Tiana!!