Volunteers turn out on Maui to aid baby turtles

By GARY T. KUBOTA Maui correspondent

KEALIA, Maui — Meagan Jones stood on a sand dune with other volunteers watching nesting sites of endangered hawksbill turtles Sunday night, when she took a step and heard one of her friends say, "Ahh, Meagan."

"One of the turtles was below me. It was so cute," said Jones.

And there were many, an estimated 15 to 20 scurrying toward the volunteers' flashlights.

Volunteers who had been trained to help the turtles redirected the migration, casting light on the sand to lead the turtles into the ocean.

These turtles were fortunate. Wildlife officials say many are not.

Only about 30 female hawkshill turtles are known to nest in the Hawaiian Islands, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service said.

The turtles have been hunted to the brink of extinction because of their shiny hard shells, used for decorative objects such as combs.

At the 700-acre Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge, urban growth is threatening the survival of endangered species.

Because of human trash, the number of predators including mongoose, rats and wild cats are increasing and pose a threat to endangered species, officials say.

North Kihei Road, the main link between south Maui and Lahaina, cuts through the refuge. Lights of



BY GARY KUBOTA, Star-Bulletin

Bettina Jones stands near a warning sign in the Kealia dunes area.

motor vehicles attract turtles.

A female Hawksbill turtle was killed on Aug. 19 when a vehicle apparently struck it.

Off-road vehicles degrade the sand dunes and crush the turtle eggs buried beneath the sand.

"We can't emphasize enough the importance of keeping vehicles off the beach right now," said Katherine C.E. Smith, manager of the Kealia refuge. "Obviously, hatchings are pretty difficult to see as they scurry toward the ocean, so it would be very easy to unintentionally drive over them.".

Since the female turtle's death, more than 30 volunteers from wildlife groups have begun a hawksbill turtle watch along the Kealia shoreline.

They have identified four places where the turtle eggs may hatch and are monitoring them to ensure the baby turtles find the sea About 100 eggs recovered from the dead turtle are buried at one of the sites.

Government officials are considering ways to improve the environment at the refuge. A citizens advisory committee in south Mau has recommended building a bypass road around the refuge and terminating North Kihei Road.

For some volunteers, the vigil will continue through year's end since Hawksbill turtles nest July through October, with eggs hatching through December.

Volunteers Howard Reiken and wife Donna, New Jersey visitors scheduled to leave Maui last night, delighted at the timing of the latest hatchlings.

"It's perfect," said Donna Olah-Reiken. "It could not have been greater."

Mani Fle

[46] From: Shawn Murakawa 9/18/96 1:20PM (1575 bytes: 24 ln)

To: George Balazs

Subject: telephone msg.

From: George Balazs 9/18/96 9:02AM (530 bytes: 7 ln)

To: Shawn Murakawa Subject: telephone msg.

From: Gloria Wong 9/18/96 8:38AM (201 bytes: 2 ln)

To: George Balazs

Subject: telephone msq.

I finally got through to her....

The nest that starting hatching out...

a) 20 were found on Monday

b) 9 were found during the early hours of Tuesday morning

c) 0 were found today This occurred during a 24-hour coverage starting on Friday, 9/13.

2) Lots of public interest being shown. She said that she would like to take down the barrier/fencing by Friday evening. How do you feel about a <u>Thursday night excavation?</u>

3) The data logger was buried at 7:30am today by the nest

that was laid on 8-31-96.
4) She's sending you a fax.
Could you please call her back.

Please call her and she what's-up. Mention to her about my being tied up for several hours with our Annual Program Review. Geo. Answer any questions you can.

please call kathy smith on maui ph: 875-1582

RANSMITTAL SHEET U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE Southwest Fisheries Center Honolulu Laboratory 2570 Dole St. • Honolulu, Hawaii 96822-2396 Commercial: (808) 943-1221 Telefax: (808) 943-1290 TELEFAX FOR: NUMBER OF SHEETS TRANSMITTED (including this page)_ MESSAGE:



Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service P.O. Box 1042 Kihel, Maui, HI 96753 Tel: (808) 875-1582 Fax: (808) 875-2945

FAX TRANSMISSION COVER SHEET

Fax #:

Date:

8/18/8.

TO: (2

George Balazs

Pages:

2

From: Kathy Smith, Refuge Manager

De.

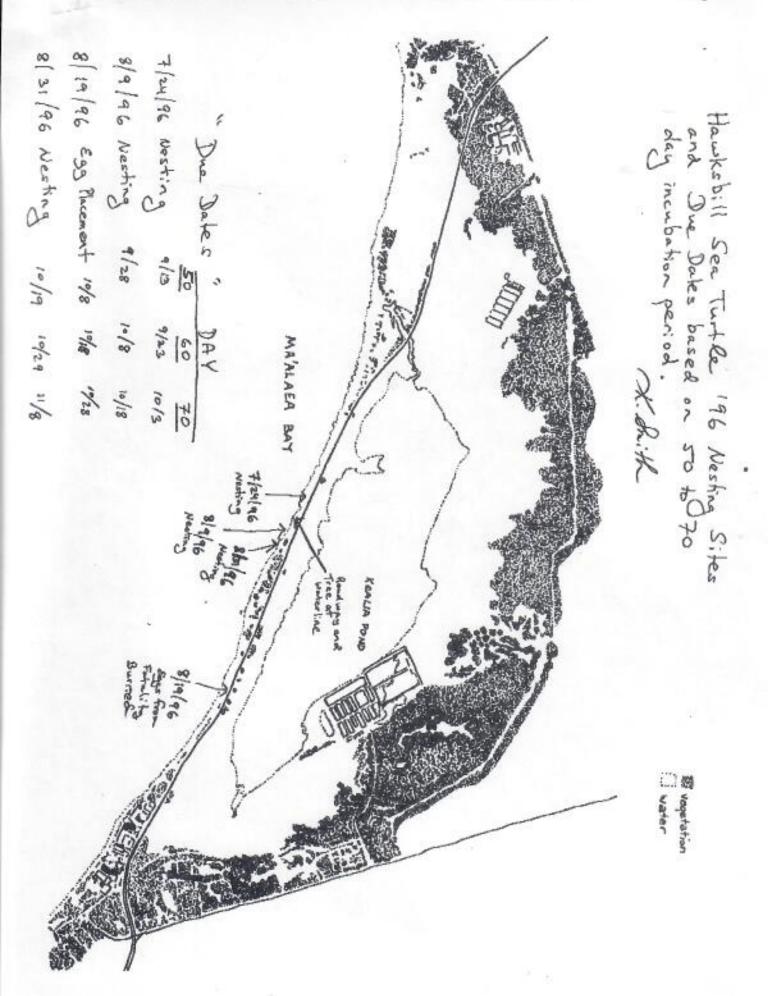
"One Dates" for Maui Nests

I can't recall if I sent you to
Also note that on Sept 25

the Na Le: Ula oka oina (Haux

The mersion Program) will be perfor
a chan't hala for perpetual

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United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Pacific Islands Ecoregion 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 3108 P.O. Box 50088

Hönolulu, Hawaii 96850 Telephone: (808) 541-3441, Fax: (808) 541-3470

FAX TRANSMISSION

November 7, 1996

2 pages

To:

Hawksbill Sea Turtle Meeting Attendees (see attached)

From:

Craig Rowland, Fish and Wildlife Biologist

Subject:

November 12, 1996, Meeting Agenda

Below is an agenda for our upcoming meeting. If there are other items you would like to have discussed, please let me know, so that I can add them to the agenda. If you have not contacted me yet, please do so, to let me know if you will be able to attend.

MEETING AGENDA - Kealia Sea Turtle End of Season Meeting November 12, 1996, 9am - 12noon HGEA Conference Room - David Trask Building 2145 Kaohu Street, Room 207 Wailuku, Maui - Ph: 244-5508

9:00 am

Review of Beach Restoration Project

Project Proposal

Status of Implementation

Implementation Needs

Future Plans

10:30 am

Break.

10:45 am

Discussion of Turtle Monitoring Program

Review of 1996 Season

Possibilities for 1997 Season

12 noon

Pau

Directions to the meeting place. Going West on Ka'ahumanu Avenue, take a left on Honoapi'ilani Highway at Ka'ahumanu Church, then the second left onto Koahu Street. The David Trask Building is the first one on the right. It's a white, two-story building. CRAIG MINUTES

Kealia Sea Turtle Protection Meeting Attendees

George Balazs Deputy Chair, IUCN Marine Turtle Specialist Group, c/o 2570 Dole St.,

Honolulu, HI 96822-2396, ph.: (808) 943-1240, fax: (808) 943-1290

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ph.: (808) 667-0437, fax: (808) fax 661-9126

Bill Gilmartin Hawaii Wildlife Fund 55-472 A Palekana St., Laie, HI, 96762

ph. and fax: (808) 293-9558

Skippy Hau Aquatic Biologist, Department of Land and Natural Resources, Division of

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Jimmy Gapero Maui Police Department, 55 Mahalani St., Wailuku, HI 96793

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Larry Katahira Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, P.O. Box 44, Hawaii Volcanoes, Hawaii

96718, ph.: (808) 967-8226, fax: (809) 985-8614

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Charles Maxwell Hawaiian Cultural Specialist, ph.: (808) 572-8038, fax: (808) 572-0602

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Craig Rowland Biologist, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Ecological Services, Pacific Islands

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Kathy Smith Refuge Manager, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge, P.O. Box 1042,

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Louis Wada Land Management Agent, Department of Land and Natural Resources

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Biological Survey, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Suite 3317A, Honolulu, HI 96850,

ph.: (808) 541-3445, fax: (808) 541-3472

THE MAUI JAYCEES PRESENTS TURTLE DAY '95

WHEN : DECEMBER 9-17, 1995

OR UNTIL FINISHED.

TIME : 9:00 AM TO 4:30 PM

WHERE: KEALIA POND KIHEI MAUI

WHY : TO HELP SAVE THE SEA TURTLES
AS OF APRIL 24, 1995 THE US

CONGERSS ADOPTED 1995 THE YEAR

OF THE SEA TURTLE.

WE WILL BE INSTALLING RECYCLED PLASTIC GUARD RAILS TO HELP THE US FISH AND WILDLIFE REFUGE TO RECOVER FROM THE DECADES OF OFF ROAD VEHICLE DAMAGE.

REFRESHMENTS: WILL BE PROVIDED

FUND RAISING: THERE WILL BE TEE SHIRTS

AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE AT

20.00 EACH THE MONEY WILL

GO INTO A FUND TO HELP WITH

THE UP KEEP OF THE KEALIA

POND.

POINT OF CONTACT: WILLIAM BASEY
THE MAUI JAYCEES
808 244-1605 OFFICE

[48] From: Shawn Murakawa 10/22/96 8:16AM (1304 bytes: 1 ln)

To: George Balazs cc: Denise Ellis Subject: Maui eggs



Skippy will be shipping the eggs to us sometime today. He will call and let us know the details once he drops it off at the airport.

Here's the rundown....

1) The eggs that were retrieved from the run-over hawskbill...134 eggs appeared undeveloped. The nest was excavated on Saturday, 10/19. Out of the 134, 2 appeared to be broken from a vehicle that had run over the nest.

2) The second nest was excavated yesterday around 5:30pm. There were 32 partially developed eggs (not fully developed, but shell appears cracked, hatchlings look undersized), 3 dead hatchlings, 145 undeveloped eggs, 14 empty shells and 3 live hatchlings released.

Skippy and Brooks also checked out two other possible sites, but they only saw tracks and no false nests. Skippy will be sending a majority of the eggs, but Kathy Smith and DLNR will be keeping a couple of the eggs for educational purposes.





By Lots Bisquera, Special to the Star-Bulletin Wildlife refuge manager Kathy Smith beside a turtle-crossing sign.

Off-roaders endangering hawksbills

Beach erosion can push the turtles to head for the road

By Lois Bisquera Special to the Star-Bulletin

KIHEI, Maui — Why did the turtle cross the road?

Because the beach keeps getting closer, said Kathy Smith, manager of the Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge.

Officials recently posted four signs to warn motorists of the potential turtle traffic on North Kihei Road bordering the refuge.

In the past, critically endangered hawksbill turtles have come ashore to nest and wandered onto the road.

Last year, a large female that made it across was quickly escorted back to the beach by wildlife officials. But two years ago, another female was killed as it tried to cross the busy road.

The "Turtle Xing" signs are so novel, however, that someone has already ripped one off.

"Some people are so inconsiderate," Smith said, shaking her head.

She said many people aren't aware there's an endangered species in the The "Turtle
Xing" signs are
so novel,
however, that
someone has
already ripped
one off.

area, especially fishermen and campers who park and drive on the beach. "The off-road vehicles contribute to the severe sand dune erosion, which means egg-bearing females sometimes pass the scoured-away beach

and continue toward the road, looking for a good nesting site," she said.

Although state law allows driving on the beach, Smith is asking drivers to park along the road and walk to the beach.

Normally, the turtles crawl above the high tide line and lay their eggs in a nest burrowed less than 30 inches deep. When vehicles drive over the nest, the eggs are crushed. Because there are only about two dozen female hawkshills in Hawaii, the July-November nesting season is especially crucial.

To further protect the refuge area, a road barrier made of recycled plastic will be installed later this fall. The barrier will prevent off-roaders from taking a shortcut across the wetlands, which become a tempting 4-wheel-drive course during the dry season.

"Even when that side of the pond is dry, it's home to stilts that nest right on the ground — their sand-colored eggs are so perfectly camouflaged, you can't see them until you're right on top of them," Smith said.

The wetlands are key nesting grounds of the Hawaiian Stilt, which is on the

endangered species list.

Smith said birds come from polar regions all over the world to spend the winter, including 30 species of shorebirds and waterbirds such as ruddy ternstones, wandering tattlers, golden plovers and migratory ducks.

An environmental assessment is being conducted for a 4,400-foot raised boardwalk project, which would include beach access, a paved parking lot and conservation measures. An interpretive kiosk would allow visitors to see how the wetlands' ecosystems work, and on the fish farm end of the refuge, keiki fishing and outdoor education programs would be offered.

Smith said county, state and federal funds are making the project possible. Construction begins early next year, with completion scheduled at the end of

* summer.



DIVISION OF AQUATIC RESOURCES - MAUI DEPARTMENT OF LAND & NATURAL RESOURCES

130 Mahalani Street Wailuku, Hawaii 96793 Phone # (808) 243-5327 FAX #(808)243-5326 October 19, 1996

To:

Bill Devick, Acting Administrator

From:

Skippy Hau, Aquatic Biologist

Subject:

Recovery of Planted Hawksbill Eggs From 19 August 1996 Turtle Accident

This morning, Mrs. Gloria Adlawan a volunteer from Kihei helped me look for and recover the eggs planted after the turtle accident. On Wednesday night, October 16th, Brooks Tamaye and I tried to find the eggs. I could not find the location that night.

Kathy Smith marked the location with some coral and took note of the location after I showed her the location after the accident. From the directions she gave to Gloria, we found the eggs (61 days later).

We counted a total of 134 eggs. None of the eggs appears to have developed as we had hoped. Two eggs were found broken. They could have been broken when a vehicle drove over the nest. Tire tracks were seen and photographed a couple weeks ago.

The eggs were placed in a plastic bag and stored in the freezer. A total of eleven eggs will be used for educational purposes. Five of the eggs were given to Fish and Wildlife Service (Larry).

A total of 123 eggs will be sent to NMFS Honolulu Laboratory for further analyses.

c: George Balazs, NMFS Kathy Smith, USFWS DOCARE - Maul

was was

DIVISION OF AQUATIC RESOURCES - MAUI DEPARTMENT OF LAND & NATURAL RESOURCES

130 Mahalani Street Wailuku, Hawaii 96793 Phone # (808) 243-5327 FAX #(808)243-5326 October 22, 1996

To:

Bill Devick, Acting Administrator

From:

Skippy Hau, Aquatic Biologist

Subject:

Hawksbill Nest Excavation

Yesterday, around 17:35, Brooks Tamaye and I excavated a hawksbill turtle nest after a total of six hatchlings were observed by volunteers. Five hatchlings were observed on Saturday (day 50) and one hatchling was seen on Sunday (day 51).

I called Larry Katahira with Hawaii National Park's hawksbill turtle project. He said they try to excavate two days after the major emergence. He felt that late developers and isolated hatchlings would have less of a chance to emerge from the nest on their own.

This particular nest was located on the top of a dune next to North Kihei Road. The dune is covered with grass and other vegetation. The nest was located next to a kiawe tree. The nest appeared to have been buried shallow, about 10 centimeters below the surface. The female dug down into the soft part of the dune to bury her eggs. The last live hatchling was recovered about 25 centimeters deep. The bottom of the nest was about 35 centimeters deep.

The following items were recovered from the nest:

- 4 Live Hatchlings (released)
- 3 Dead Hatchlings
- 32 Partial Developed/Dead Hatchlings in Eggs
- 145 Unbroken/Undeveloped Eggs
- 14 Empty Shells

The total number of eggs in the nest appears to be 191. The eleven hatchlings represents a 6% hatch rate. The recovered items were placed in plastic bags and stored in the freezer. Two hatchlings and two undeveloped eggs were kept for educational purposes. The remains of the nest were shipped to NMFS Honolulu Laboratory.

c: George Balazs, NMFS Kathy Smith, USFWS DOCARE - Maui [47] From: Shawn Murakawa 10/28/96 2:38PM (1197 bytes: 1 ln)

To: George Balazs

Subject: Phone call from Skippy

He called to let you know that another meeting is being set-up for a follow-up of the Kealia situation. It's tentatively set for Nov. 12 with the same group of people and Nov. 13 with the volunteers starting at 6:00pm, 7:00 slide show, and ending at 8:00pm. They also want to discuss the putting up of fencing between now and the next season. Also, he talked with Kathy Smith and they decided that they would like to ease out of the volunteer monitoring. He said that it's gotten out of hand and that they would like to only do dawn patrols for tracks. His second question is did you get any genetic material from the hatchling and eggs that he's sent to you yet? I told him that you were out in the field today and tomorrow and that the earliest would be Wednesday that you could get back with him. He said that he might try calling you then.



United States Department of the Interior

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300 Ala Mouna Blvd., Room 3108
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Honolulu, Hawaii 96850

Telephone: (808) 541-3441, Fax: (808) 541-3470

FAX TRANSMISSION

October 29, 1996

5 pages

To:

Dhow

Hawksbill Sea Turtle Meeting Attendecs (sec attached)

From:

Craig Rowland, Fish and Wildlife Biologist

Subject:

End of Season Meeting and Beach Protection Plan

We would like to hold a meeting to review the 1996 hawksbill sea turtle nesting season and make plans for next year's season. We are planning the meeting for November 12, 1996, from 9:00 to 10:30 am (location to be determined). Please let me know if you will be able to attend.

The attached is a proposal for beach restoration at Kealia. The Fish and Wildlife Service was able to obtain funds for the purchase of all the fencing materials (which should arrive on Maui next week). One of the things we would like to do at the November meeting is to determine how each party can contribute to the implementation of a beach restoration effort.

I will send out an agenda to confirm the place and time of the meeting.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at the above numbers or via email at craig_rowland@mail.fws.gov.

attachments

raig

Kealia Sea Turtle Protection Meeting Attendees

George Balazs Deputy Chair, IUCN Marine Turtle Specialist Group, c/o 2570 Dole St.,

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ph.: (808) 667-0437, fax: (808) fax 661-9126

Bill Gilmartin Hawaii Wildlife Fund 55-472 A Palekana St., Laic, HI, 96762

ph. and fax: (808) 293-9558

Skippy Hau Aquatic Biologist, Department of Land and Natural Resources, Division

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ph.: (808) 244-6340, fax: (808) 244-6411

Charles Jencks Director, Dept. of Public Works, County of Maui, 200 S. High Street,

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Keith Keau Division of Conservation and Resource Enforcement

ph.: (808) 984-8110, fax: (808) 984-8111

Charles Maxwell Hawaiian Cultural Specialist, ph.: (808) 572-8038, fax: (808) 572-0602

Gene Nitta Endangered Species Coordinator, National Marine Fisheries Service,

2570 Dole St., Honolulu, III 96822 ph.: (808) 973-2987, fax: (808) 973-2941

Phil Ohta Land Management Agent, Department of Land and Natural Resources

ph.: (808) 984-8101, fax: (808) 984-8111

Craig Rowland Biologist, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Ecological Services, Pacific

Islands Office, P.O. Box 50088, Honolulu, HI 96850

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Kihci, HI 96753, ph.: (808) 875-1582, fax: (808) 875-2945

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National Biological Survey, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Suite 3317A,

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Immediate Action Fencing Plan for Kealia Beach, Maui

The problem:

Degraded sand dunes at Kealia Beach lead to Hawaiian hawksbill sea turtles (Honu'ea or Fretmochelys imbricata) moving onto North Kihei Road, where two nesting females were killed within the last three years. Off-road vehicles driving on Kealia Beach could cause injury to sea turtle nests. Additionally, off-road vehicles cause direct damage to coastal dunes and damage vegetation, leading to increased dune erosion. This increased rate of erosion leads to damage of the roadway and degradation of nearshore water quality and marine life.

The solution:

A wooden drift fence running the length of the degraded area would serve multiple purposes in the effort to restore the ecosystem of this shoreline and provide protection to the sea turtles. First, it would prevent nesting female sea turtles and emerging hatchlings from accidentally reaching the road. A barrier of this type would provide the turtles with much greater protection than that currently provided by volunteer beach patrols.

Secondly, the fence would be a deterrent to off-road vehicle access. There may be some damage done to the erosion control fence by disgruntled off-roaders. However, the public is behind this project, and conscientious beach goers will understand the damage caused by driving on the beach and will accept the effort required to park near the road and walk to their destination. Without damage by off-road vehicles, vegetation will spread into barren areas and stabilize the sand. The vegetation will allow the dunes to grow in size through natural accumulation of sand. The growing dunes and vegetation will serve as natural barriers and light shields between the nesting beach and North Kihei

Road. The restoration of this shoreline ecosystem would benefit native plants, nesting sea turtles, shorebirds, near shore marine life and water quality.

Lastly, the fence will act as a sand stabilization mechanism which will allow sand to accumulate, increasing dune height. Restored dunes will provide better sea turtle nesting habitat, making it more likely that the turtles will nest away from the road. Restored dunes will serve as a light shield to keep hatchlings from being distracted by the headlights of vehicles on North Kihei Road.

The Proposal:

To effectively address the concerns of shoreline ecosystem restoration in general, and sea turtle protection in particular, wooden drift fence and off-road vehicle barriers will have to extend along approximately 1.3 miles of coastline.

Fence: A total of 166 rolls of fence (50 feet by 4 feet) will be required. This length will cover the 1.3 miles plus 20% for hills and bends. Additionally, 1035 fence posts (at 8 foot spacing) will be needed. Materials for this fence total \$ 18,530. Labor can be expected to be almost as much, bringing the total material and labor cost for the fence to approximately \$ 37,000.

Off-road Vehicle Barriers: access routes will need to be blocked off. These dozen or more roadways can be blocked off at minimal cost using boulders.

The placement of the fence must provide for pedestrian access to the beach. This can be accomplished through the allowance of gaps that are not wide enough for vehicular access, and not easily maneuvered by sea turtles.

In conjunction with the building of the fence, informational signs should be deployed to convey the following messages: "This area is used by nesting sea turtles and native plants," "Please protect the sea turtle and help prevent erosion of this beach by keeping your vehicle off the dunes and beach," and "Driving on the beach is against the law." Additionally, an educational sign at one of the wider turn-outs could be erected to explain the idea of shoreline restoration.

Hawaiian hawksbill sea turtles come ashore to nest between the months of May and October, with hatchlings emerging through December. While dune restoration will be a gradual process, the protection provided by this fence to nesting sea turtles and hatchlings will be immediate. This project should proceed as rapidly as possible in order to provide much needed protection.

The Funding:

The US Fish and Wildlife Service is able to provide \$18,500 to cover the cost of fencing materials.



STATE OF HAWAII Department of Land and Natural Resources Division of Aquatic Resources - Maui 130 Mahalani St. Wailuku, Hawaii 96793 (808) 243-5294

October 7, 1996

Memorandum

To:

William Devick, Acting Administrator

From:

Brooks Tamaye, Information Specialist

Through: Randy Honebrink, Education Coordinator

Subject:

Hawksbill Turtle Hatchlings on N. Kihei Rd. 10/5/96

On 10/5/96, at approximately 9:15 p.m., I was notified of dead turtle hatchlings on N. Kihei Rd. and a possible nest on the mauka side of the roadway. The report was relayed from M.P.D. through DOCARE Officer Okamoto. A phone number was given; the person there said he was a friend of Hannah Bernard (Hawaii Wildlife Fund) and that she had left for the site about 30 minutes prior.

Skippy Hau also responded based on messages left by various people on his answering machine. We both arrived at the site at about 10:00 p.m.. The site is located near the 3 mile marker sign about 200 yds. west of the condos at Sugar Beach.

Observed upon arrival were about 6 volunteers on the mauka side of the road. Containers illuminated with flashlights were set up to trap hatchlings at two adjacent spots where the volunteers suspected there were nests. One volunteer was gathering dead hatchlings.

Hannah Bernard had already left to contact more volunteers and Eric Brown of the Pacific Whale Foundation seemed to be the volunteer coordinating this effort. He related that about 15 hatchlings were observed smashed on the road at about 7:00 a.m.. When questioned why we weren't contacted sooner, he said he only had Skippy's old number. He was informed that both Skippy and I are listed in the phone book. He also said he tried to contact Kathy Smith but that she was on vacation.

It was recommended that the lights be shut-off, dead hatchlings be left in place, and that volunteers relocate to the makai side of the road further away from the traffic. The 4 dead hatchlings (3smashed, 1- intact) picked up by the volunteer were recovered.

An inspection of the mauka and makai side of the road and beach could not confirm where the hatchlings had emerged from. No other hatchlings were observed during the time we were there. We left at approximately 11:45 p.m.. The volunteers were planning to stay till 2:00 a.m.,

On 10/6/96, at 7:00 a.m., Skippy and I conducted another inspection of the area. One volunteer who had come on at 12:30 a.m. was there, but departed shortly after. Dead hatchlings were counted and mapped to try and determine the vicinity of the nest. A total of 9 smashed hatchlings were recovered from the road. Whereas the volunteers indicated that the hatchlings were observed Hatchlings 10/8/96

smashed in the middle of the road on Saturday, the hatchlings we recovered were found on the paved shoulder of the road. This was probably due to the dried carcasses being moved about by passing vehicles.

Another 7 intact hatchlings were found on the mauka side of the road in the dirt and gravel. Some were right up into the pickleweeds along the road. These hatchlings probably died from exposure to the sun as no other injuries were observed.

I also found one live hatchling on the makai side of the road under some brush and trees. After observing it in a bucket with seawater for awhile this hatchling was released.

To try and determine the exact location of the nest, Skippy and I returned to monitor the area that evening between 7:00 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. No hatchlings were observed and we did not encounter any volunteers.

A total of 21 hawksbill hatchlings were found (12-smashed, 8-intact but dead, 1-live). The dead specimens were frozen and Skippy shipped them to NMFS on 10/7/96 along with a tumored green turtle recovered on Saturday.

Although there may be a remote possibility that the hatchlings came from a nest on the mauka side of the road, it seems more likely that the hatchlings came from a nest on the makai side. After emerging these hatchlings may have been disoriented by lights and instead of heading down the beach to the water, went in the opposite direction. This area is frequented by many people and there are a number of eroded places in the sand dunes that the turtles could have come through. Since no hatchlings have been observed since, it seems likely that the main emergence occurred on or about 10/4/96.

c: DOCARE, Maui G. Nitta, NMFS G. Balazs, NMFS K. Smith, USFWS Mapor bestions where Hateling I

016/91

XVIIII

Beach

The wants to know how you fel about this.

- Skippy said than brooks its taiking to Gene about this.

- Original thing for Gtos to appraise

because crack powland petitup

because crack powland petitup

Cheorrage of converso to 18: Crack powland

and Gene fower Bane plan

voice and Gene fower Bane plan

and Gene

Called Skippy 10-8/8:16 re: call craig Rowland a latery Smith + fane with + fane with

He said hiel be calling craig and hopefully having everyone sitting down to talk

Turtle transferred to NMFS by Division of Aquatic Resources, DLNR, State of Hawaii (S. Hau and/or B. Tamaye)

DIAGNOSTIC CASE REPORT

NATIONAL BIOLOGICAL SERVICE
NATIONAL WILDLIFE HEALTH CENTER-HONOLULU FIELD STATION
P. O. BOX 50167, 300 ALA MOANA BLVD., Rm. 5302
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96850
808-541-3445, EAX 541-3472, R8, NWHR HONONES GOV

808-541-3445, FAX 541-3472, R8_NWHR.HON@NBS.GOV		
Case # 12412	Epizoo #	
Submitter: Mr. George Balazs NOAA-NMFS-SWPC 2570 Dole Street Honolulu, HI 96822-2396	Specimen description/identification: 1 hawksbill turtle carcass	
Date Submitted: (08/19/95) Date Coll (mm/dd/yy)	ected: (08/19/95) Date Examined: (08/19/95) (mm/dd/yy) (mm/dd/yy)	
Location: Kealia Pond NWR (N. Kihei Rd	.) County/Site: Maui	
HISTORY: This animal was found do a.m. on 8/19/96.	ead on North Kihei Road on Kealia Pond NWR (Maui) at	
shell exposing the internal organ in the body cavity, the liver and formed and developing eggs were noted	there was a large fissure down the midline of the ns. There were large amounts of red fluid and albuming it kidneys were macerated and large numbers of fully in the animal. Histology revealed bleeding in the ion of abdominal organ secondary to contact with s.	
DIAGNOSIS: Trauma secondary to ve	ehicle strike.	
trauma. Histology confirmed gross dia surface of abdominal organs in respons material into the body cavity. This i time after the traumatic incident. Th presence of rare eggs in the lungs and	ve of an animal that suffered from acute severe gnoses. There was multiple inflammation of the e to release of albumin and possibly gastrointestinal nflammation indicated the animal survived for some e animal was infected with flukes as evidenced by intestines. Fluke infestation was nowhere as severe The vascular inflammation was mild and its cause	
strikes in hawksbill turtles. Some op	i to discuss possible options to prevent vehicle tions discussed included use of flashing signs, look for turtles, and fencing off of beaches to	
Preliminary Report (/ / date) X Final Report (10/01/96) date	
Necropsy report is: enclosed _	X available upon request.	
X : Copies of this report sent to: -Ms. Kathy Smith (USFWS) -Ms. Karen Rosa (USFWS)	Pathologist: Theory M. Work MS, DVM, MPVM	
at 808-541-3445. Include above Case N	ase, contact Thierry M. Work MS, DVM, MPVM Number. Diagnostic findings may be pathologist's knowledge and consent.	

Case No.: 12412-001 Page 2

7.737

Histopathology (Cont.)

Ventriculus: No remarkable lesions are observed.

<u>Spleen</u>: In one section, there are prominent infiltrates of mixed granulocytes and mononuclears near the adventitia of a large artery. There are also rare trematode eggs present in the splenic white pulp.

<u>Kidney</u>: There are moderate numbers of proximal tubular cells containing variably sized intracytoplasmic hyaline droplets mainly concentrated near the luminal surface. There are also occasional large vessels with prominent perivascular or intramural cellular infiltrates composed of mononuclears and granulocytes. In another section, within perirenal fatty and connective tissue, there are massive infiltrates of red cells mixed with variably sized clumps of basophilic material (albumin).

<u>Small Intestine</u>: There are areas on the serosa where serosal cells appear columnar, hypertrophied and packed with variably sized eosinophilic granules. Occasional clumps of pleomorphic basophilic material are noted on the serosa. One section contains a single trematode eggs surrounded by macrophages.

<u>Large Intestine</u>: The serosa is diffusely coated with basophilic pleomorphic material. There are also diffuse aggregates of basophilic rods coating the serosa.

Morphologic Diagnoses:

1) Severe, diffuse, acute, hemorrhage, capsule, kidney.

2) Moderate, multifocal, acute, hemorrhage and albumin aspiration, lung.

3) Moderate, focal, acute, inflammation, capsule, liver.

4) Moderate, multifocal, acute, inflammation with albumin, serosa, small intestine.

5) Mild, acute, focal, inflammation, arterioles, spleen, kidney.

Comments: Gross lesions were indicative of an animal that suffered from acute severe trauma. Histology confirmed gross diagnoses. There was multiple inflammation of the surface of abdominal organs in response to release of albumin and possibly gastrointestinal material into the body cavity. The presence of albumin is compatible with leakage of albumin in the pleuroperitoneal cavity as seen grossly. The animal was infected with flukes as evidenced by presence of rare eggs in the lungs and intestines. Fluke infestation was nowhere as severe as that observed in green sea turtles. The vascular inflammation was mild and its cause undetermined. The gastrointestinal trematodes have been reported from hawksbill turtles from Cuba, Puerto Rico, India and Australia and were considered an incidental finding.

Final Diagnosis	(in order of	importance)	topog.	morph.	etiol.	funct.	disease	link
1. Trauma			(T10050)	((E90020)	{ }	(
3.					=			`'

Diagnostic findings may not be used for publication without the pathologist's knowledge and consent. COD (09)

NATIONAL WILDLIFE HEALTH CENTER NECROPSY REPORT

Submitter's Name, Affiliation Address Mr. George Balazs NOAA-NMFS-SWFC 2570 Dole Street Honolulu, HI 96822-2396

Case: 12412
Accession: 001
Collected: 08/19/96
Exam Date: 08/19/96
Pathologist: T.M. Work
Prosector: T.M. Work

Species: Hawksbill turtle Specimen: Carcass

Bandtype: (N) Ref/Band No: (N) Euth: (N) Weight (Gm): (104545)

History Summary: This animal was found dead on North Kihei Road on Kealia Pond NWR (Maui) at 1 a.m. on 8/19/96.

EXTERNAL/INTERNAL OBSERVATIONS - LABORATORY RESULTS

External: The entire shell is cracked midline with a single fissure extending from head to tail. There are several large lateral fissures extending 8 to 12 inches from the midline. One of these lateral fissures is on the left side and four are on the right side indicating that the animal may have been hit initially on the right side. The internal organs are exposed. The animal is in a dorsal presentation and internal organs are examined through the shell crack in situ. The head and flippers are not examined.

Internal: There are large amounts of red fluid mixed with egg yolk within the pleuroperitoneal cavity. The liver is firm, smooth, homogenous brown and macerated. The heart is firm, smooth, homogenous pink and otherwise unremarkable. The lungs are spongy and homogenous dark pink. The spleen is firm, smooth, homogenous purple and measures -8 X 5 cm. The kidneys are firm, smooth, and homogenous red-brown. The left kidney is macerated. The brain is not examined. The oviduct is smooth, homogenous tan-pink with >100 maturing follicles. Approximately 100 fully formed eggs were removed prior to necropsy and -70 eggs were removed during necropsy. The esophageal mucosa is smooth and homogenous tan. The stomach mucosa is smooth homogenous pink. Red flukes measuring 1.2 cm long are lightly adhered to the stomach mucosa. The small and large intestines are smooth homogenous pink. There are occasional small, firm, fleshy nodules on the gut wall that seem to merge with large arteries. The small intestines contain small bits of coral and moderate amounts of green fluid. The large intestines contain no feces. No lesions are seen in the pericardial sac, heart valves, gastrointestinal mucosa and serosa, ovary, and superficial and cut surface of heart, kidney, spleen, and lungs.

Preliminary Diagnosis: Trauma Exam Type: (GO)
Sex (F) Age (A)/() Body Cond. (G) Postmortem State (G) Giz. Lead (_)/(_)
Laboratory Tests/Samples Saved:

Histo: Lung (A-B); spleen (C); liver (D); kidney (E-F); heart (F-H); large artery (I);
 small intestine (J-L); stomach (L); large intestine (M); oviduct (N).

Frozen: stomach contents.

Saved: flukes - small intestine.

PARASITOLOGY:

The parasites in the turtle were Diaschistorchis pandus. (Michael Kinsella)

HISTOPATHOLOGY:

<u>Lung</u>: There are variably sized clumps of deeply basophilic globular material within the small airways. These are occasionally associated with clumps of red cells and clumps of fibrin and degenerating thrombocytes. Rare mononuclear infiltrates are noted within smooth muscle walls. Within the smooth muscle wall of one section, there are the remains of a trematode egg accompanied by little to no inflammatory response.

Large artery: No remarkable lesions are observed.

<u>Liver</u>: Focally, some capsular cells appear hypertrophied and vacuolated with intracytoplasmic accumulations of variably sized round basophilic to eosinophilic granules that appear aggregated away from the capsular surface. Occasional clumps of fibrin mixed with red cells and thrombocytes are noted adhered to endothelium of venules.

Heart: There are rare focal mononuclear infiltrates within the myocardium.

Scientists learn from rare turtle killed on Mau

Staff Writer 8-28-76

KIHEI — Last week's hit-andrun killing of a hawksbill turtle was bad news for a species struggling to survive. But the death may serve in the long run to advance scientific knowledge about the critically endangered sea turtles.

"We're trying to make the best out of a bad situation," said George Balazs, National Marine Fisheries Service zoologist and turtle expert.

The Bishop Museum in Honolulu has agreed to accept the carcass into its zoology collection, the first adult hawksbill available for archiving, preservation and display. In addition, samples of the hawksbill's tissue will be examined by a University of Hawaii researcher, and some of the bones will be sent to a laboratory in Washington, D.C., to determine

The lurge egg-bearing hawksbill was struck and killed on North Kibei Road at about 1 a.m. Aug. 19.

how old the animal was.

A necropsy was conducted last week at the Honolulu Field Station of the National Wildlife Health Center in Honolulu, Federal veterinarian Thierry Work found what he described as a normal healthy turile that died of major trauma.

Work said it was the first necropsy he had conducted on a hawksbill, although, internally, the animal appears very much like its more common cousin, the green sea turde.

Work said the hawksbill was absent the cancerous tumors that plague so many green sea turtles. Hawksbills are not known to have tumors.

As part of the necropsy procedure, Work extracted 70 eggs, which he sent to the National Marine Fisheries Service for possible hatching. Work also noted the presence of developing egg follicies, which means the turtle's hatching season was long from over.

The turtle weighed in at 230 pounds and was measured at nearly 37 inches fong. Although the hawksbill was probably was more than 30 years old, the exact age remains uncertain, Balazs said, and some bones will be sent to a Washington laboratory to determine the age.

Balazs said U.H. puthology Professor Yoshisugi Hokara, an expert on cigustera toxin, has agreed to examine a portion of the hawksbill's tissue.

Hawksbill turtles are occasionally known to be toxic, Balazs said. A recent incident in the island na-

tion of Zanzibar off the east coast of Africa resulted in 47 dead and hundreds ill after some hawksbills were eaten. Another incident in Fiji 1½ years ago resulted in illness.

Balazs noted that at least one Native Hawaiian historical account calls for hawksbill a "kapu turtle" that it not supposed to be eaten. That right point to the toxicity. Three has never been an opportunity in Hawaii to test an adult hawkshill for toxicity, the scientist said. After reviewing the facts of Aug19 accident, Balazz said wildlife officials have two theories for what
happened that early morning: A tire
ran right over the animal, from posterior to anterior, explaining why
the turde's shell was crushed and
broken along natural seams; or,
perhaps the turde was hit by something underneath the body of a
raised 4-by-4 vehicle, such as a
strut. A good size shell chip was
found 50 feet from the accident
scene, and there were no skid
marks on the shell or the street.

Police were called to the scene north of the Sugar Beach condominiums on North Kihel Road at 1:20 a.m. and found the fatally injured hawksbill. By the time a state Department of Land and Natural

Resources official arrived, the animal was dead.

DLNR aquatic biologist Skippy Hau pulled more than 100 eggs from the turtle's carcass and buried them in a safe, undisclosed location in the dunes.

Wildlife officials said they believe the animal was looking for a suitable nesting spot and, finding none on the narrow beach or eroded dune, headed inland across the road.

The death represents a significant blow to a species considered extremely rare. Officials have estimated that only a couple dozen hawksbill turtles nest in the Hawaiian islands each year. The animal is on the U.S. endangered species list.

Only a handful of hawksbill nests have been discovered on Maui in the last five years, all in the Kealia area.

Two nests have been found at Kealia this year — more evidence that the hawksbill is either continuing to establish a presence at Kealia or making a comeback. The area is not known as a traditional hawksbill nesting site.

The nesting season of the hawksbill ranges from late July to November, during which the large females come onshore to bury their eggs at night.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Pacific Islands Ecoregion 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Room 3108 P.O. Box 50088 Honolulu, Hawaii 96850

Telephone: (808) 541-3441, Fax: (808) 541-3470

FAX TRANSMISSION

September 16, 1996

7 pages

To:

September 6, 1996 Hawkshill Sea Turtle Meeting Attendees (see attached)

From:

Craig Rowland, Fish and Wildlife Biologist

Subject:

Meeting Notes and Update

Thanks for attending the meeting to discuss potential solutions to the sea turtle/beach degradation problem at Kealia Beach. I think we made a lot of progress in a short period of time. Attached are notes from that meeting along with a press release that was distributed to the media today. Also attached is a map of sea turtle nesting sites thus far in 1996.

Approximately 20 hatchlings were detected by beach patrol volunteers after emerging from a nest last night. The nest has been fenced and is being monitored in order to detect additional hatchlings that are expected to emerge over the next few nights.

Since our meeting, many of us have been working on various aspects of seeking protection for this area:

Beach Patrols: The Hawaii Wildlife Fund organized beach patrols which started on September 13, 1996. The volunteers participating in these patrols will be monitoring the beach for nesting females as well as for hatchlings, and diverting them from the road or untangling them as needed, with minimal disturbance.

Solar Flashing Lights: Bob Siarot obtained a price of \$4,000 each for these. He and Kathy Smith also talked about the possibility of using temporary flashing lights (the ones used at road construction sites) for the signs. The problem with these is that the batteries need to be changed often, which is something the beach patrol volunteers might be able to do. One suggestion that came up since our meeting was to use roadside sawhorses (the type used at road repair sites, with flashing lights) to support sea turtle signs. These signs would be deployed in the evening and retrieved in the morning by volunteers or others. Let me know what you think of this idea.

Public Service Announcement: Drafted by Charlie Maxwell and Kathy Smith, this announcement was recorded for air play by Uncle Charlie.

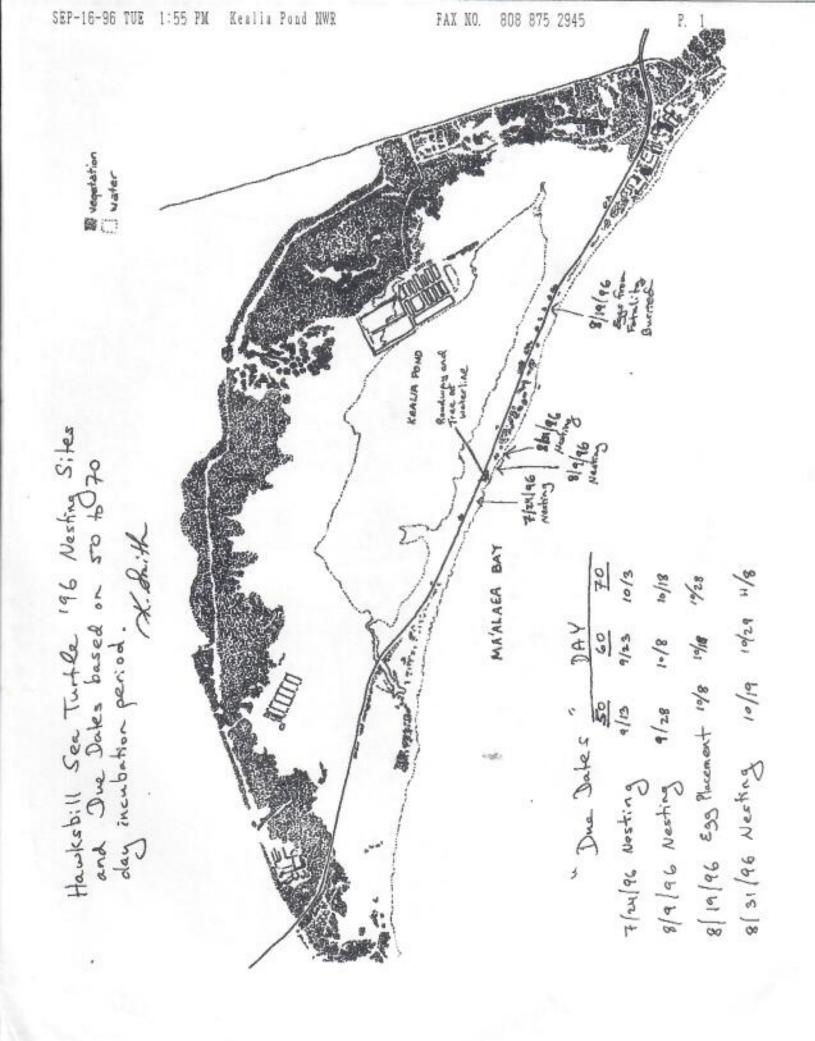
Drift Fencing: Kathy is awaiting for cost estimates and shipping details for wooden drift fencing.

Video Project: The Honu Project, a non-profit conservation group is producing a video on Hawaiian hawksbills (funded by USFWS). They have been filming recently with the Larry Katahira (National Park Service), George Balazs and Bill Gilmartin on the Big Island. The video project will include information on the Maui population and will be a good way of providing public education. The Honu Project's other video on sea turtle tumors has been shown on public access television over the past couple of years.

Thanks to everyone for keeping the ball rolling. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at the above numbers or via email at craig_rowland@mail.fws.gov.

attachments

cc: The Honu Project



FACSIMILE TRANSMITAL SHEET



Dete	9-13-93	
#of pages	3	
Company_	MAPS	
Attention_	George BA	lase
	tannah Be	

MESSAGE:

KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE VOLUNTEERS FOR HAWKSBILL, NIGHT WATCH (HONU'EA PATROL)

Nancy Greene	247	
Patrick Ryan	34 Luanaiki Pl., Kihei 96753	874-2828
Charnan Carroll	552 Kaiola St., Kihei 96753 288 Pule Pl., Walluku	879-7926
Larry Epson		242-8847
Bettina Jones	268 Pule PL, Wailuku	242-8847
Allen Glabeison	P.O.B 803, Kihei 96753	679-4781
Steve Williams	P.O.B. 803, Kihei 96753	879-4781
Donna Liddicote	537 Kumulani Dr., Kihei 96753	874-6194
Robin Newbold	19 Hale Malia Pl, Lahaina 96761	669-7580
Eric Brown	190 Hauoli St., #204, Walluku 96793	244-5066
Howard Reiken	101 N. Kihei Rd., #21, Kihei 96753	875-9179
	619 Willow Ave, #2L, Hoboken, N.J. (07030	201) 792-2672
Donna Olah-Reiken	" "	**
Patti Wey	101 N. Kihei Rd., #21, Kihei 96753	875-9179
Michelle Guilbeault	1450 S. Kihei Rd., #F504, Kihei 96753	875-0517
Allan Guilbeault	# " "	"
Lisa Davis	101 N. Kihei Rd., Kihei 96753	879-8811
Linda Turnbull	338 Naniloa, Wailuku	244-3218
Rich Weaver	25 Wailana Pl., #206, Kihei	875-1451
Meagan Jones	16 Kulani Pl., Paia 96779	579-8829
Temar Murray	483 S. Kihei Rd., #109, Kihei 96753	874-2861
Kinzee Kubek	483 S. Kihei Rd., #120, Kihei 96753	879-6437
Tanmayo Brown	P.O.B. 1279, Pala 96779	572-0519
Chris Mentzel	P.O.B. 273, Makawao	573-1942
June Freiwald	15 Kulanihakai St., 45G, Kihei 96753	874-4860
Wes Freiwald	" " "	
Diana Schulte	2737 S. Kihei Rd., #245, Kihei 96753	874-3679
Ted Mickowski	P.O.B. 1773, Lahaina 96767	667-5678
Gloria Adlawan	760 S. Kihei Rd., #201 96753	879-8266
Sid Adlawan		-
Tristan Adlawan		
Suzanne Canja	P.O.B. 12082, Lahaina 96761	669-4814
Tim Stark	101 N. Kihei Rd., Kihei 96753	879-8811
Stephanie Crawford		4
Michael Milot	760 S. Kihel Rd., #226, Kihel 96753	891-0176
Rachael Cartwright	P.O.B. 1773, Lahaina 96761	667-5678
Don O'Malley	c/o P.O.B. 12082, Lahaina 96761	661-9183
Scott Cardin		661-8787
George Brown	19 Hale Malia PL, Lahaina 96761	669-7580
Susia Dodge	5170 B Hanawai St., Lahaina 96761	669-4814
Ronaldo Macedo	N N N	M
Ann Coopersmith	P.O.B. 149, Paia 96779	579-8577
		37 3 37 1

Ted Grupenhoff Steve Zeff	P.O.B. 5361, Lahaina 96761	661-5366 573-4164
Jennifer Durnin Ann Rillero	1010 Front St., D208, Lahaina 96761 101 N. Kihei Rd., Kihei 96 953	661-5635 97-7-7860
Heareh Bernard	POB 5361, Lahama 76761	667-0437
John Ensign Tory Gasign	25 Icahana PI, Laharina 9676	1 665 0577
Bill Gilmaran	SS-4724 Palekana St., Laic 90762	293-9558

HAWAII WILDLIFE FUND

55-472 A PALEKANA ST. LAIE, HI 96762 (808) 293-9558 (VOICE AND PAX)

FAX TRANSMISSION

Kathy, Hannah, Craig, George

FAX NUMBER:

FROM: BILL GILMARTIN

RE: Mani hawksbill turtle watch

PAGES: 2

DATE: 9/14

COMMENTS:

Draft quidelines for volunteers follow- for double-side printing on one page. Please get your comments back to me asap.

Thanks

MA'ALAEA BAY TURTLE PATROL

INSTRUCTIONS

What to do:

* Keep adult turtles from getting onto the roadway.

Use the plywood boards provided and place one in front of a turtle that attempts to cross the road. The turtle will probably turn to move along the board rather than turn around. Place the second board next to the first board in the direction the turtle begins to move, then move the original blocade board to the other side of the second board. Continue this leapfrog road blocade attempting to guide the turtle to a dune or vegetation area. When the turtle appears to stop its attempt to cross the roadway, then back off well away from it with the boards. Continue to watch it from a distance and be prepared to return with the boards if it makes another attempt to cross the road. These females are trying to get to the beach crest and vegetation to dig a nest - try to guide them to these areas using the boards. Keep your body low (behind the boards), speak softly (when necessary to speak), and do NOT use flaslights at any time near the adult turtle.

* Keep hatchlings from getting onto the roadway.

Hatchlings that emerge from a nest above the beach crest may be attracted away from the ocean by highway lights or other lights behind the beach. If this happens, use a board to attempt to block the light source the hatchlings seem to be attracted to - this is likely to be sufficient for them to reorient to the light reflected off the ocean and then they will head in the correct direction. If they do not move toward the ocean, their view of the sea may be blocked by vegetation or sand dunes. Either use a flaslight to attract the hatchlings to an area where they can see the ocean (then turn off the light), or pick up the hatchlings and place them on the sea side of the material blocking their ocean view.

^{*} Remove trapped hatchlings from debris, vegetation, and tire depressions.

What to do (continued):

- * If you observe a turtle coming up the beach to nest, stay well away from her, continue to watch her, do not use flashlights. Be prepared to act, if she attempts to cross the highway. If she digs a nest and lays eggs (she may false nest-dig, but not lay eggs), mark the nest site with a few pieces of coral after she has covered it and left to return to the water. REPORT the nest site to Kathy Smith at 875-1582.
- Report any emergence of hatchlings observed to Kathy Smith.

What NOT to do:

- * Use flashlights as little as possible when patrolling the beach for turtles. Use your hand to focus the light only where you may need it. Do not point any lights toward the ocean.
- * Do not build fires on the beach.

- * Do not dig into any nests for any reason.
 - * Do not approach vehicles on the beach and attempt to caution the drivers about turtles - see "special items" below.

Special items:

* If there are vehicles on the beach in the vicinity of turtles (adults or hatchlings) or if you have cause to be concerned for your personal safety on the beach, call 911 and request that a police officer be dispatched to your location. Be prepared to tell the dispatcher exactly where you are on the beach, what the problem is, and give the police your phone number (and leave the phone on in case they have difficulty locating you and need to call you back).

[51] From: Gloria Wong 9/10/96 4:06PM (592 bytes: 7 ln)

To: George Balazs

Subject: telephone msg.

Size?

kathy smith @ usfws called about an hawksbill turtle that has been hanging around Molokini island. it's the one with the deformed flipper. kathy said capt. alan glaberson has some good photographs of it and if you want to talk to him you can call him at 879-4781 (maui). kathy also said that capt. glaberson said he'll forward the photographs to her and in turn she'll send you some.

Y Rick were

MAUL FILE

[56] From: Denise Ellis 9/12/96 7:48AM (1521 bytes: 22 ln)

To: George Balazs cc: Shawn Murakawa

Subject: Re: question from Skippy Hau

Forwarded -----

From: George Balazs 9/11/96 8:28PM (1334 bytes: 22 ln) To: Denise Ellis

To: Denise Ellis cc: Eugene Nitta

Subject: Re: question from Skippy Hau

Gene Nitta is the correct person. I suspect Gene will need much more information in order to render an official opinion. I would imagine Skippy has spoken to Gene by now, however, I'll call Skippy later on when I have the opportunity.

Come to think of it, since this is BEACH monitoring, I NMFS wouldn't have direct final word. It would be first and foremost in the FWS camp. Geo.

GeorgeSkippy called, said Craig @ FWS called him in reguards to people wanting to start a volunteer group to monitor the Kealia Refuge Area. Wanted to know if you knew what permissions would be needed for this ect.. I gave him Gene Nitta's number which he was going to call, but he did want to hear from you, too. People suggesting monitoring beach and area for Hawksbill turtles (adult and hatchlings) are Hana Bernard and Bill Gilmartin with the Hawaii Wildlife Fund. Craig thought they should be State volunteers and Skippy wasn't sure. He had no idea what exactly they were intending to do with their monitoring program.

Sep. 12 1996 86:19AM P1

17:45 No.033 P.01

TO: BALAZS

Inited States Department of the Interior

PISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Pacific Islands Ecoregion 300 Ala Mouna Blvd., Room 3108 P.O. Box 50088

Honotulo, Hawaii 96850

To: Rill Ghmartin/Hannah Bernard Hawali Wildlife Fund P.O. Box 5361

Lahaina, HI 96761 ph.: (808) 667-0437

ROLODEY

THE? (808) 293-9558, (808) 661-9126

Craig Rowland Fish and Wildlife Biologist From phone: (808) 541-3441

fax: (808) 541-3470

email: craig rowland@mail.fws.gov

Date: September 11, 1

Subject: Ma alsen Hawksbill Sea Turtle Monitoring We are reviewing procedures that can be taken to allow this project to move forward legally. There isn't sufficient time for your organization to obtain a permit of it's own for this work. Such a permit should be

For this year we will determine the best available option to allow this work to be done without a permit being issued, in conjunction with a State or Federal agency. Due to the immediate need for this information, we pursued for monitoring next year. have not had time to determine the most appropriate avenue for authorization. However, we foresee that the following actions will be reasonable and allowable:

Nesting females:

If turtles are about to enter North Kihei Road the volunteers can turn them back tow:

the ocean.

Hatchlings:

If hatchlings are about to enter North Kihei Road the volumeers can turn them back toward the ocean. Additionally, entangled or trapped hatchlings can be released (fi vegetation, tire ruts, or trash) and allowed to continue their progress to the ocean.

While conducting nesting beach patrols, volunteers will use flashlights minimally, and only when necesin order to reduce disturbance to the sea turtles.

So that we can pursue authorization, please get back to me as soon as you can with the names of your volunteers as well as the actions you foresee them conducting while involved in this project.

Skippy Hau, DAR, Maut Office Gene Nitta, NMFS cc: George Balazs, NMFS Kathy Smith, Kealia Pond NWR Gene Hester, LE, Honolulu

If you are in log 0700-please can me at home - BILL

Road death reflects threat to rare turtle

By Edwin Tanji Advertiser Maui County Bureau

MAALAEA, Maut - Hawksbill turtles are so rare that only two or three try to nest on Maui each year. But human intrusion has turned one nesting spot into a lethal gantlet.

A female hawksbill laden with eggs was killed by a passing car at Kealia Beach early yesterday.

"It's a terrible tragedy," said George Balazs, a federal fisheries biologist who specializes in sea turtles.

Hawksbill turtles are an endangered species, as rare as Hawaiian forest birds that are threatened with extinction, he

As most sea turtles do, female hawksbills return to the beach where they were born to lay eggs, Balazs said.

But turtles returning to Kealia Beach find the area drastically changed in the last 25

Erosion has reduced the width of the sand beach that runs for two miles alongside Kealia Pond. Condominiums have sprouted on both ends of the beach. With homes, hotels and businesses, Kihei's popula-tion has grown from barely 1,600 in 1970 to an estimated 15,000 today, not including visi-

North Kihel Road, which runs within 50 feet of the shoreline, has turned from a potholed country road to a 45-mph, twolane thoroughfare with cars speeding to and from Kihel.

A state aquatics resources specialist, Skippy Hau, said Maui police reported the dead turtle on the road about 1 a.m. Its shell was split open from the impact and its eggs were scattered over the road.

Hau and Kathryn Smith, manager of the Kealia Pond



Edwin Tanji/The Honolulu Advertiser A turtle-shaped figure on signs posted in Maui warns motorists of turtles crossing roads.

National Wildlife Refuge, said it appeared the turtle had crawled up the beach, looking for a safe place to nest. It climbed over a low sand dune and crawled across the road, where it was struck.

See Turtle, Page A2

Turtle: Rare hawksbill dies

FROM PAGE ONE

Some of the eggs survived intact and scientists hope to hatch them.

Another hawksbill was killed similarly in August 1993, prompting Smith to post "turtle crossing" signs on both ends of that stretch of road.

"We want to call attention to the fact that those signs are not

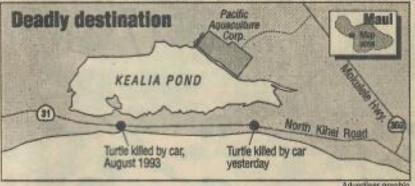
a joke," Hau said. The turtle that died yesterday was nearly four feet long and weighed possibly 200 pounds. Smith and Balazs estimated that it was 25 to 30 years

Balazs said hawksbills mature at about 15 years. The dead turtle probably represents one of only two or three nesting attempts on Maui this year, he

In a study, he placed radio tracking devices on two turtles on the Big Island and found hawksbills apparently spend their lives around the island where they are hatched, he

The more commonly seen green sea turtles are known to migrate to the Leeward Islands to nest. Nesting beaches there have been less disturbed.

Green sea turtles have distinct plate-like patterns on their shell, while hawksbill shells are



Advertiser graphic

plain. The hawksbill also is identified by the shape and color of its head.

Balazs said it's been only in the last six or seven years that hawksbill nestings have been reported in the area. It's possible turtle nests have been unnoticed before.

It's also likely that the hawksbill population is very slowly recovering, along with the green sea turtles, under federal and state laws that protect marine turtles as endangered species, he said.

Recovery will be difficult. In addition to problems with development of hotels and homes at nesting sites around the Islands, lights along the beach are likely to confuse turtles, which usually nest on moonless nights.

At Kealia Beach, there is no

development but the beach has eroded and turtles try to get beyond the high-water line by climbing the low dunes.

Smith said one way to protect turtles would be to re-establish the high sand dunes that once lined the Kealia shoreline or fence off the beach to keep turtles away from the road, she

Another solution would be to build a bypass road on the other side of Kealia Pond to take the heavy traffic away from the beach.

Either solution likely will involve Alexander & Baldwin. which owns the narrow strip of land between Kealia Beach and the road, and has proposed a bypass around Kealia Pond.

An A&B representative yesterday said the company would be willing to discuss options with Smith and community vol-

near Maui nesting site



Larry Whitford, far left, a Fish and Wildlife Service sanctuary worker, Skippy Hau, second from left, and Kathryn Smith examine the hawksbill turtle killed on North Kihei Road.

unteers.

Mercer "Chubby" Vicens, an A&B Properties vice president for Maui, noted that A&B donated Kealia Pond to the Fish & Wildlife Service for the wildlife refuge and is interested in helping to protect native species.

Vicens also said the company has "suggested and recommended a road above the pond, rather than further expand North Kihei Road." The bypass road proposal is included in the Kihei community plan under review before the Maui Council.

HAWAII WILDLIFE FUND

55-472 A PALEXANA ST LAE, HI 96762 (808) 293-9558 (VOICE AND FAX)

FAX TRANSMISSION

To:

GEORGE BALAZS

FAX NUMBER:

FROM:

BILL GILMARTIN

RE

MAUI HAWKSBILLS

PAGES:

1

DATE:

September 10, 1996

COMMENTS:

A "heads up" (I don't have a special form for this like you gov't guys do!) - I'll stop to see you Tues am or Wed. pm regarding any input you'd like to make regarding what to say to those that are now volunteering to do the night turtle watches at Ma'alaea. I have to talk to Craig about this too ... since I'm not going to say anything without authorization from him! I see the job as pretty simple, with primary job being to keep turtles off the road and 4-wheelers off the turtles on the beach. The below is for discussion:

Nesting:

- if turtles are sec, monitor from a good distance.
- if turtle is approached by a vehicle on the beach, stop the driver and request they avoid the area
- if turtles approach the road, use plywood boards (3'X4') to encourage turtle to dunes or vegetation, then leave them alone
- if they persist in attempting to cross the road, just stay with them blockeding their manks movement till they turn around
- if staff observe nesting, stay well away from the turtle until it covers the nest and leaves for the water,
 attempt to mark the nest area and report it to Kathy next a.m.

Hatchlings:

- I hesitate here to suggest anything other than simply being alert for the little ones and be sure any seen are heading to sea! (Asking them to check the known nest areas would probably mean they'd trample all over the area, making more of a problem than a solution...what do you think.)
- If hatchlings are detected, as above, request drivers to avoid the area for the evening.
- No nest excavations what do you think?

Also...on tracking task on B.L., I was thinking of having a hand-GPS with the receiving stations to get station position and heading of signal...I think you've had experience with these units, what do you think of this approach?

The Maui News

OSSN 8750-457200 (USPS 334-20) 98th year -- No. 19,726

Founded in 1900, The Main News is published daily except Saturday by Maid Publishing Company, Ltd., at 100 Mahalani St., Walluku, Hawaii 96793-2529

Second-class postage paid at Walkulou, Hawaii, and additional offices. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to Maul Publishing Company, LM., 100 Mahalani Street, Walluku, HI 96793-2529

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hawksbill turtle killed on road Endangered, egg-bearing

With volunteers searching this Kealia area. Continued from Page A1

The turtle carcass was sent to a National Marine Fisheries Service laboratory in Honolulu, where a ducted - the first ever on an adult necropsy was scheduled to be conhawksbill.

separate the beach from the refuge

and North Kihei Road,

Two years ago a big female was able to cross the road before wildlife officials hauled the turtle back to the ocean. Last year offiinstalled "turtle crossing" signs on North Kibei Road to warn

have been found in the dunes that year, two hawksbill nests already

> George Balazs, National Marine Fisheries Service zoologist and turtle expert, described the episode as

tragic. that there would be two hit-andruns in a couple of years," Balazs my mind - as rare as they are -

The death is particularly bad Balazs said, because a mature adult female is vital to perpetuating the species. It represents thousands of hatchlings in a lifetime. DEWS.

Smith said a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service meeting was scheduled this week to discuss strategies to protect the hawksbill in Maslaca Bay.

bill ranges from late July to

The nesting season of the hawks-

ficer Larry Whitford.

November, during which the large

turiles come onshore at night to bury their eggs before heading back

This year's nests represent more

to sea by morning.

Maui in the last five years, all in the Only a handful of hawkshill have been discovered on nests

evidence that the hawkshill is either continuing to establish a presence at Kealia or making a comeback, The area is not known us a traditional hawksbill nesting sine,

100 eggs, and they hatch between 50 and 70 days after laying. The Hawicsbill nests hold more than babies then instinctively head for the ocean.

mate two or more deciades after hatching, and the females return to Turdes that live to adulthood the beach of their hatching to lay

> "We want everyone to be aware that the turtle signs are real," Hau The speed limit is 45 mph, but it's common for motorists to travel

said Monday.

motorists about the turtles.

their own eggs.

The hawksbill is characterized by a hooked, beaklike upper jaw and by two pairs of large shields on top of the head between the eyes. It the sea turtles, and is covered/in apan, where craftsmen use tortoise shell in jewelry, eyeglass frames is considered the most valuable of and other products.

> "I've clocked guys 80 miles per hour," said refuge enforcement of

at much faster speeds.

Found on the U.S. endangered tected by federal law with a fine of species list, the hawksbill is proup to \$25,000 and a year in jail for killing one.



Kealla Pond National Wildlife Refuge Manager Kathy Smith pulls a tarp over a rare Hawksbill turtle killed when it was

struck by a car on North Kihei Road Monday morning. The death poses a significant blow to the species, officials said.

Rare turtle struck, killed

Egg-bearing creature's death a blow to species

By TIMOTHY HURLEY Staff Writer

KIHEI — Less than a week after wildlife officials warned motorists to watch out for hawkshill turtles along North Kihei Road, a large egg-bearing member of the critically endangered species was struck and killed there early Monday morning.

The death represents a significant blow to a species considered extremely rare, according to officials. It has been estimated that only a couple dozen hawksbill turtles nest in the Hawaiian Islands each year.

Police were called to the scene several hundred yards north of the Sugar Beach condominiums on North Kihei Road at 1:20 a.m. Monday and found a fatally injured hawksbill that apparently was hit by a vehicle in the road's makai lane and thrown into the mauka line.

The shell of the turtle was split down the center from the impact, and its eggs were exposed, some of them splattered on the road.

The animal, estimated to be roughly 30 years old and weighing more than 200 pounds, was dead by the time state Department of Land and Natural Resources officials arrived.

DLNR aquatic biologist Skippy Hau said he pulled more than 100 eggs from the turtle's carcass and buried them in a safe, undisclosed location in the dunes.

"We've got nothing to lose," he said.

The accident scene was less than a mile away from the spot where a similar egg-carrying hawksbill turtle was struck and killed three years ago.

As was the case in that incident, wildlife officials said they believe the animal killed Monday was looking for a suitable nesting spot and apparently wasn't satisfied with the narrow beach and eroded dune. Officials found meandering turtle tracks on the beach.

Kathy Smith, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge manager, said that because turtles follow the moonlight, perhaps this one became disoriented by the flashing headlights on the road.

> See ENDANGERED on the next page

THE MAUI NEWS - Tuesday, August 20, 1996



United States Department of the Interior

PISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Pacific Islands Heoregion 300 Ala Moana Bivd., Room 3108 P.O. Box 50088 Honolulu, Hawaii 96850

FAX TRANSMITTAL

To:

Ma'alaea Sea Turtle Meeting Attendees (see attached list) From: Craig Rowland

Fish and Wildlife Biologist phone: (808) 541-3441 fax: (808) 541-3470

email: craig_rowland@mail.fws.gov

Ciaco Vonlas

Date: August 28, 1996

Pages:

Subject: Ma'alaea Sca Turtle Meeting

This fax is sent to confirm our meeting scheduled for September 6, 1996, at 1pm, at the Division of Aquatic Resources Conference Room, 130 Mahalani Street, Wailuku.

The purpose of the meeting will be to discuss methods for preventing sea turtles from crawling onto South Kihei Road where they can be injured or killed by vehicles. I am optimistic that we will be able to arrive at some implementable solutions to this problem, and anticipate the meeting will cover the following subjects:

Overview of the problem
Discussion of Potential Solutions
Selecting Strategies
Short-term Actions
Long-term Plans

If you need directions to the conference room, please call Van at the Division of Aquatic Resources (ph. 243-5294, fax 243-5006). If you have any questions or suggestions regarding this meeting please feel free to contact me.

Ma'alaea Sea Turtle Protection Meeting September 6, 1996, 1pm Division of Aquatic Resources Conference Room 130 Mahalani Street, Wailuku, HI 96793 Ph. 243-5294, fax 243-5006

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National Marine Fisheries Service
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Aiso Phil otal District Land Agent for DUNK

STATE OF HAWAII

Department of Land and Natural Resources Division of Aquatic Resources - Maui 130 Mahalani St. Wailuku, Hawaii 96793 (808) 243-5294

August 28, 1996

Memorandum

To:

William Devick, Acting Administrator

Through: Randy Honebrink, Education Coordinator

From:

Brooks Tamaye, Information Specialist 考

Subject:

Turtle Nest at Waihe'e Beach Park

On 8/27/96, at approximately 2:15 p.m., a caller (Brian) reported to our office that he saw what appeared to be turtle eggs being exposed by waves at Waihe'e Beach Park. It was also reported to us by Kathy Smith of Kealia Pond NWR a few minutes later.

I arrived at Waihe'e at approximately 2:40, just in time to get a description of the location before the caller had to leave for an appointment. He also reported that about ten eggs had washed away. The nest was located about 100 yds. west of the parking lot. The area has high (about 15'), relativley steep sand dunes that are slowly being eroded away. The nest was located at the base of the dune and it was being inundated by the rising tide. Several eggs could clearly be seen at the surface. Each wave that washed over exposed the eggs further.

After consulting with Gene Nitta of NMFS (via Van at our office), it was decided that it would be best to move the eggs. I dug a hole approximately 8' away and up on the dune at the height that some beach morning glory was growing. I dug until damp sand was reached (about 14" down). The eggs were transferred to their new location trying to maintain their original orientation. The eggs were covered and the site marked. After covering the eggs, I observed other eggs being thrown about in the shorebreak and recovered whatever I could.

Since people in the general vicinity saw me working, I reinspected the site later. It was undisturbed. However, early this morning another inspection revealed some amount of disturbance. Whether it was from humans, animals, or naturally shifting sand could not be determined. I dug down a little and could feel an egg, so everything was left in place. Hopefully the level of disturbance was only on the surface. An empty egg casing was also recovered from the shoreline at this time.

Count of eggs recovered

Reburied:

76 (one of which had a puncture)

Cracked:

Intact eggs recovered from shorebreak: 7

Casings recovered from shorebreak:

2 (one recovered 8/27 and one recovered 8/18)

A total of at least 86 eggs were deposited by the turtle. The eggs did not appear to be well developed; evidenced by the one cracked egg recovered in which only yolk was observed. The

see Ar

Turtle Nest Waihe'e 8/28/96 Page 2

other eggs also appeared to have only yolk.

It is uncertain at this time what species of turtle nested. The eggs appear larger than hawksbill's eggs, though. Eggs will be sent to NMFS for their determination. The site will be monitored periodically as time permits for about the next 60 days.

c: DOCARE-Maui G. Balazs, NMFS G. Nitta, NMFS K. Smith, USFWS

MEETING AGENDA

Ma'alaea Sea Turtle Protection Meeting September 6, 1996, 1pm

Division of Aquatic Resources Conference Room 130 Mahalani Street, Wailuku, HI 96793 Ph. 243-5294, fax 243-5006

1:00 pm

Overview of the problem - Why did the turtle cross the road?

Dune erosion Headlights

Obstacles - trash and introduced plants

1:20 pm

Discussion of Potential Solutions

Short Term:

Keeping Turtles Off the Road

Drift fencing along mauka edge of dune

old telephone poles -Jersey barriers for areas where the road is very near the shore

Sand deposition (thru direct placement, drift fences and plantings) NAUPAKA

Dune re-vegetation

Alerting Drivers to the Presence of Turtles

Flashing lights on turtle signs

Rumple strips on road

Reduced speed limit

Public education

Keeping Turtle Nests from Being Damaged by Vehicles

Restricted Access

Increased law enforcement

Monitoring of nesting activity

Community involvement

Others?

Long Term:

Rerouting South Kihei Road

Dune restoration

Monitoring and research

Community involvement

Others?

2:30 pm

Selecting Strategies

Short-term Actions

Long-term Plans

3:00 pm

Pau

Ma'alaea Sea Turtle Protection Meeting September 6, 1996, 1pm

Division of Aquatic Resources Conference Room 130 Mahalani Street, Wailuku, HI 96793 Ph. 243-5294, fax 243-5006

George Balazs

Deputy Chair, IUCN Marine Turtle Specialist Group, c/o 2570 Dole St., Honolulu, HI 96822-2396, ph.: (808) 943-1240, fax: (808) 943-1290

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Hawaii Wildlife Fund, P.O. Box 5361, Lahaina, HI 96761 ph.: (808) 667-0437, fax: (808) fax 661-9126

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Aquatic Biologist, Department of Land and Natural Resources, Division of Aquatic Resources, 130 Mahalani Street, Wailuku, HI 96793, ph.: (808) 243-5294, fax: (808) 243-5006

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Phil Ohta

Land Management Agent, Maui County

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Biologist, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Ecological Services, Pacific Islands Office, P.O. Box 50088, Honolulu, HI 96850 ph.: (808) 541-3441, fax: (808) 541-3470

Robert Siarot, P.E.

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Honolulu Field Station, National Wildlife Health Research Center National Biological Survey, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., Suite 3317A, Honolulu, HI 96850, ph.: (808) 541-3445, fax: (808) 541-3472



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE P.O. Box 1042

Kihei, Maui, Hawaii 96753 Tel. (808) 875-1582 Fax (808) 875-2945



August 31, 1996

MEMORANDUM

To:

Files

From:

Refuge Manager, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge

Eubject:

1st Nesting Attempt by Hawksbill Sea Turtle at Ma'alaea Bay Since Roadway Fatality

8/31/96

On their 6:00 A.M. patrol of the beach between Kihei and Ma'alaea, volunteers Gloria Adlawan and Diane Schulte encountered fresh turtle tracks and diggings. The site is located approximately 200 ft W of the old aerial navigation marker along N. Kihei Road and 300' E of a large kiawe tree that extends over the beach to the water's edge. Park at the navigation marker (a several foot square diamond shape atop a tall pole between the two and three mile posts.) Note that this location is within 100' of the August 9 attempted nesting and track width corresponds with those earlier measurements.

The crawl extended 60 ft or more along the shoreline, with two climbs onto the low dunes separating the eroded beach from N. Kihei Road. There are two locations that should be watched as possible nests—these are marked with inconspicuous white coral placed mauka of excavation. The most likely nest is up on the dunes near two small kiawe saplings (max ht. 7 ft). The excavated area is immediately W and makai of the saplings. A second highly disturbed site lies at the toe of the dune. The sand at the face of the dune had been "mined" by the turtle to form a ramp. This appears to be where she climbed down from the dune, but should be watched as a possible nest site due to amount of disturbance and fact that tracks went directly to the water from there. A third site to the E about 30' near where the crawl began, had much disturbance of vegetation @ base of dunes. This location was also marked with coral.

Note that in the half hour it took me to get to the site from when it was discovered, a truck had driven within three feet of our possible nest. Dog and mongoose tracks were also clearly evident all along the course of the turtle's travels.

V_{cc:}

George Balazs, NMFS Skippy Hau/Brooks 1 amaye, DLNR Aquatic Resources Brooks Harper, USFWS

LIST OF SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM ADULT FEMALE HAWKSBILL TURTLE SALVAGED FROM ROAD-KILL ON MAUI, AUGUST 19, 1996

submitted by

George H. Balazs
National Marine Fisheries Service
Marine Turtle Research Program
2570 Dole Street
Honolulu, Hawaii 96822-2396
(808) 943-1240

FAX: (808) 943-1290 Email: gbalazs@honlab.nmfs.hawaii.edu

- 1. Pectoral Muscle
- 2. Pelvic Muscle
- 3. Deep Pelvic Muscle
- Left Hind Pelvic Depot Fat
- 5. Right Pelvic Depot Fat
- 6. Heart
- 7. Intestine with Yellow Fat
- 8. Kidney
- 9. Liver
- 10. Lung
- 11. Skin
- 12. Undeveloped Eggs

B/26/96

DR. Hokama 956-8682

OH Bromed Bidg 5th floor

Dept. Patholicy

RETISE

TUESDAY

August 20, 1996 On Oahu 50¢ Final Edition

threat to rare turtle Road death reflects

By Edwin Tanji

Advertiser Maui County Bureau

MAALAEA, Maui - Hawksbill turtles are so rare that only two or three try to nest on Maul each year. But human intrusion has turned one nesting spot into a lethal gantlet.

female hawksbill laden with eggs was killed by a passng car at Kealia Beach early yesterday.

"It's a terrible tragedy," said George Balazs, a federal fisheries biologist who specializes in sea turtles.

a take

Hawaiian forest birds that are threatened with extinction, he endangered species, as rare as Hawksbill turtles are an

As most sea turtles do, female hawksbills return to the beach where they were born to lay eggs, Balazs said.

But turtles returning to Kealia Beach find the area dras

A turtle-shaped figure on signs posted in Maui warns motorists Edwin Tanji/The Honolulu Advertise of turtles crossing roads.

country road to a 45-mph, two-

line, has turned from a potholed

runs within 50 feet of the shore-

A state aquatics resources

speeding to and from Kihei.

specialist, Skippy Hau, said Maui police reported the dead ts shell was split open from the

mpact and its eggs were scat-

ered over the road.

turtle on the road about 1 a.m.

it appeared the turtle had climbed over a low sand dune National Wildlife Refuge, said crawled up the beach, looking for a safe place to nest. It and crawled across the road, where it was struck.

See Turtle, Page A2

manager of the Kealia Pond

Hau and Kathryn Smith,

[urtle: Rare hawksbill dies near Maui nesting site

FROM PAGE ONE

Some of the eggs survived ntact and scientists hope to hatch them.

prompting Smith to post "turtle crossing" signs on both ends of Another hawksbill was killed in August that stretch of road. similarly

"We want to call attention to the fact that those signs are not a joke," Hau said.

day was nearly four feet long and weighed possibly 200 pounds. Smith and Balazs estimated that it was 25 to 30 years The turtle that died yesterBalazs said hawksbills mature at about 15 years. The dead turtle probably represents one of only two or three nesting attempts on Maul this year, he

tracking devices on two turtles on the Big Island and found In a study, he placed radio hawksbills apparently spend their lives around the Island where they are hatched, he

green sea turtles are known to migrate to the Leeward Islands to nest. Nesting beaches there have been less disturbed. The more commonly seen

tinct plate-like patterns on their Green sea turtles have disshell, while hawksbill shells are



plain. The hawksbill also is identified by the shape and color of its head.

hawksbill nestings have been reported in the area. It's possible turtle nests have been Balazs said it's been only in the last six or seven years that unnoticed before.

It's also likely that the slower recovering, along with hawksbill population is very eral and state laws that protect marine turtles as endangered species, he said

addition to problems with he Islands, lights along the Recovery will be difficult. In of hotels and nomes at nesting sites around beach are likely to confuse turtles, which usually nest on development

At Kealia Beach, there is no

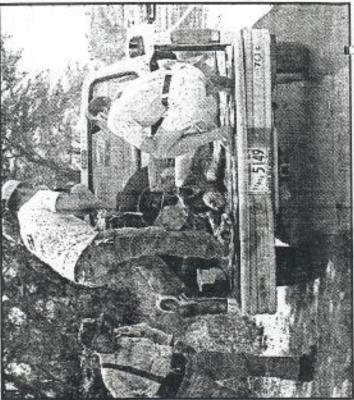
eroded and turtles try to get beyond the high-water line by development but the beach has climbing the low dunes.

Smith said one way to protect turtles would be to re-establish the high sand dunes that once fence off the beach to keep tur-ties away from the road, she lined the Kealia shoreline or

side of Kealia Pond to take the Another solution would be to build a bypass road on the other heavy traffic away from the

which owns the narrow strlp of land between Kealia Beach and the road, and has proposed a Either solution likely will involve Alexander & Baldwin, bypass around Kealia Pond. beach.

terday said the company would be willing to discuss options with Smith and community vol-An A&B representative yes-



Skippy Hau, second from left, and Kathryn Smith examine the hawksbill turtle killed on North Kihei Road. arry Whitford, far left, a Fish and Wildlife Service sanctuary worker, Edwin TanjVThe Honolul' Advertise

Mercer "Chubby" Vicens, an Maul, noted that A&B donated Kealia Pond to the Fish & Wildlife Service for the wildlife A&B Properties vice president for refuge and is interested in helping to protect native species. unteers.

road proposal is included in the North Kihel Road," The bypass Kihei community plan under Vicens also said the company has "suggested and recommended a road above the pond, rather than further expand review before the Maul Council. Date: Tue, 20 Aug 1996 06:51:38 -0600

From: "R8_NWHR.HON" <R8_ NWHR.HON@nbs.gov>

To: gbalazs@honlab.nmfs.hawaii.edu

Subject: Hawksbill

Geo-

Findings: Animal's shell was split dorsally down midline revealing internal organs. Animal was examined inside box through the crack in the shell (plenty of room to get in and out and remove organs). Liver partially macerated as was left kidney. Lots of fluid and blood in body cavity. Fully developed ovary with 100+ yolk follicles and 60+ fully formed eggs most of which were sent to you. Other than trauma, no visible organ pathology. Few to no GI contents (stomach contents saved frozen) and a few trematodes inside the stomach lumen (species unknown-samples saved). Histo samples of most major organs including gut, spleen, liver, kidney, lung, heart were saved. Did not examine the head and flippers and took no measurements as turtle was too heavy to lift out of box at the time. Figured you would do morphometrics anyway.

Carcass is in walk in cooler at ag station. We have to go there today to do some other necropsies so maybe we can coordinate your picking it up and help out. Let me know.

Separately, I'm generally not the crusading type but I find this whole event a little outrageous. It would seem that a 240 lb turtle would be kind of hard to miss. You would certainly notice it once you hit it as it would probably do a hell of a job on the wheel alignment. Anyway, is there any way we can use this tragic mortality (we lost more than a mature healthy hawksbill here)? Perhaps talk to Gary Sprinkle at News 4 to get the message out that people need to look out for turtles? Perhaps coordinate with Cathy Smith at Kealia Pond in Maui? These are just naive ideas but it would be important to strike while the iron is hot.

TMW

reatre ers



Fleeing Grozny

Massive attack is threatened



West Maui brush fire

Traffic is tied up, but blaze quickly contained

Maui's Newspaper Since 1900

8/20/96

50 Cents

ers

day he accused the Pizo-of concealing a Maxi-rice recommendation that rios reconspendation that ent be made in land, not

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we community plan dis-spect conset.

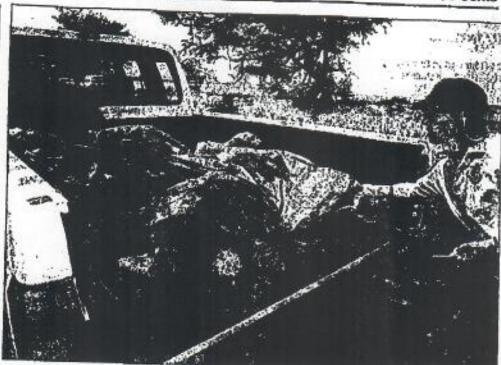
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or David Nekamura (not as the ideal lawyer with all the ranch's residency reapple tower's residency amalos "like a doughnet" ach waste to robuild the

See PANEL on the next page



Kealle Pond National Wigite Reluge Manager Kelty Smith puls a tarp over a rare Hawkshill turke killed when a was

struck by a car on North Khel Road Monday morning. To death poses a significant blow to the species, officials said.

Rare turtle struck, killed

Egg-bearing creature's death a blow to species

By TIMOTHY HURLEY Staff Writer

KHE! — Less than a work after wildlife collicias waved motories to watch out for hawkshill nation along North Kale Road, a large ega-bearing member of the critically endagened species was struck and hilled there easty Monday morning.

The death represents a significant blow to a species considered expensely rise, according to officials. It has been estimated that co-

ly a couple desen hawkshill surtes asst in the Hawanas blands each year.

Pulica were called as the soons several hundred yards north of the Sugar Beach condensistens on Neeth Khei Read at 1:20 a.m. Moodey and found a faculty supered hawkshill due approach; was hit by a vehicle in the read a makel item and thrown into the smalta lane.

lane.

The shell of the turde was split down the center from the inspect, and he eggs were exposed, some of them splittered on the read.

The sulvest, extension to be roughly 30 years old and weighing more than 200 pounds, was dead by the time state Department of Land and Natural Resources officials

BEAR equate biologies Skippy Has said be pulled trace than 100 eggs from the tur-tie's carress and busied there in a sails, undu-

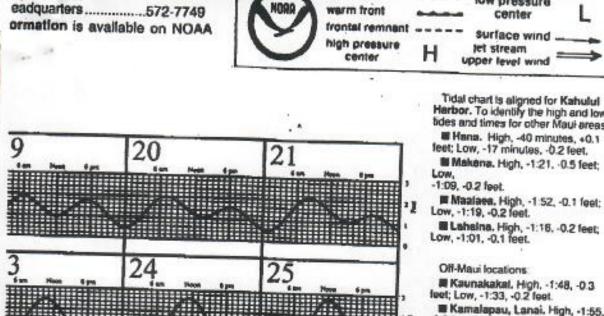
closed location in the dunce.
"We've got publing to loce," be said.
The accedent access was less than a mile away from the appt where a similar expensiving hawkefull turds was struck and killed three years ago.

these years ago.

As was the case in this freddent, whichle efficials and they believe the animal aillied blooday was looking for a satisfied with the thirtow beach and eroded dune. Officials found memoring turils tracks on the beach.

Kathy Smith, Kealla Pend National whichle Refuge manager, said that became writes follow the mecodight, perhaps this one became discriminated by the flashing bradlights on the read.

See ENDANGERED. on the next page



Kealia Pond NWR

cold front

warm front

Tidal chart is aligned for Kahulul Harbor. To identify the high and low tides and times for other Maul areas:

FAX NO. 808 875 2945

low pressure

feet; Low, -17 minutes, -0.2 feet.

Makena, High, +1:21. -0.5 feet;

Lahaina, High, -1:18, -0.2 feet;

■ Kaunakakat, High, -1:48, -0:3

 Kamalapau, Lanai. High, -1:55, -0.2 feet; Low, -1:44, -0.2 feet.

M Kuhela Bay, Kahoolawe, High, 1:44, -0.2; Low, -1:32, -0.2 feet.

Edward K. Noda & Associates prepared the chart. THE STATE OF BANK THE LANGE WAS REPORTED THE STATE OF THE

Wemphis Warni Be NATIONAL The Acculyeather 80g FRONTS: COLD WOUTH STATE E 5

Little Floor

Los Arge Louisville

Lutbock

Endangered, egg-bearing hawksbill turtle killed on road

Continued from Page A1

The turtle carcass was sent to a National Marine Fisheries Service laboratory in Honolulu, where a necropsy was scheduled to be conducted - the first ever on an adult

AUG-20-96 WED 5:56 PM

m) 877-6825

George Balazs, National Marine Fisheries Service zoologist and turtle expert, described the episode as

tragic.
"h's beyond all probability in my mind - as rare as they are that there would be two hit-and-runs in a couple of years," Balazs said.

The death is particularly bad news, Balazs said, because a mature adult female is vital to perpetuating the species. It represents thousands of hatchlings in a lifetime.

Smith said a U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service meeting was scheduled this week to discuss strategies to protect the hawkshill in Maalaca Bay.

Only a handful of hawksbill nests have been discovered on Maui in the last five years, all in the

With volunteers searching this ear, two hawksbill nests already have been found in the dunes that separate the beach from the refuge and North Kihel Road.

Two years ago a big female was able to cross the road before wildlife officials hauled the turtle back to the ocean. Last year officials installed "turtle crossing" signs on North Kihei Road to warn motorists about the turtles.

"We want everyone to be aware that the turtle signs are real," Hau said Monday.

The speed limit is 45 mph, but it's common for motorists to travel at much faster speeds.

"I've clocked guys 80 miles per hour," said refuge enforcement of-ficer Larry Whitford.

The nesting season of the hawksbill ranges from late July to November, during which the large turiles come onshore at night to bury their eggs before heading back to sea by morning.

This year's nests represent more

evidence that the hawksbill is either continuing to establish a presence at Kealia or making a comeback. The area is not known as a traditional hawksbill nesting site.

Hawksbill nests hold more than 100 eggs, and they hatch between 50 and 70 days after laying. The babies then instinctively head for the ocean.

Turtles that live to adulthood mate two or more decades after hatching, and the females return to the beach of their hatching to lay their own eggs.

The hawkshill is characterized by a hooked, beaklike upper jaw and by two pairs of large shields on top of the head between the eyes. It is considered the most valuable of the sea turtles, and is coveted in Japan, where craftsmen use tortoise shell in jewelry, eyeglass frames and other products.

Found on the U.S. endangered species list, the hawkshill is protected by federal law with a fine of up to \$25,000 and a year in jall for killing one.

Sean Asahi, 16

Sean Yoshio Asahi, Molokai, died Aug. 1 Molokai General Hospit

Priends may call Wednesday at the K Hou Church hall in Molokai, with a service Burial of cremains will Kapaakea Cemetery, M. tuary Inc. is assisting rangements.

Mr. Asahi was born Ju in Washington.

He is survived by Joyce (Mike) Bellino Molokai, and his fath (Linda) Asahi of Walkels his grandparents, Harole Iwane of Kamiloloa, N Ted and Tomiko Asahi c

Timotea Corpuz, 7

Timotea Morales Cor Lahaina, died Aug. 18, residence.

Visitation will be held p.m. Friday at Mari: Church, with Mass at 7:3' tation will continue at 8 day at Borthwick Mc



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE P.O. Box 1042 Kihei, Maui, Hawaii 96753 Tel. (808) 875-1582

Fax (808) 875-2945



MEMORANDUM

August 12, 1996

To:

Files

From:

Refuge Manager, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge

Subject:

Hawksbill Sea Turtle Nesting Attempts at Ma'alaea Bay by Refuge

Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge has a small but dedicated group of volunteers who are walking the beach at the head of Ma'alaea Bay on a regular basis from July - December of this year in search of hawksbill tracks and other evidence of nesting. They are covering the area from the Kealia Condominium/Sugar Beach Resort to Ma'alaea, with emphasis between the one and three mile markers of N. Kihei Road where most of the action has traditionally been. The beach is patrolled at dawn between three and seven days/week depending upon the availability of volunteers. To date volunteers have located and I have substantiated with photographs, the following nesting attempts:

7/24/96 Nesting Crawl and Body Pit Type Excavation the Evening of July 24th

Found by Kealia Pond NWR Volunteer Patrick Ryan. Located E. of the 2-mile marker and directly perpendicular from the USFWS survey marker on N. Kihei Road, this narrow section of beach is best referenced by a very large kiawe tree with branches extending out over the water. The "nests" are located just W of the small roadway and approximately 150 ft W of this tree. A very distinct crawl averaging 25" in width (between flipper marks) led 35' from the low tide line up to the toe of the sand dunes and then along the face of the dunes for more than 40' before returning to the sea. Along the way were three depressions averaging 3'x4' of disturbed sand. There was between 13' and 15' separating the three excavations. The easternmost being the most likely "nesting" attempt as it was farthest above the tide and dug deepest into the sand bank. Vegetation indicated reburial of the hole. The three excavated areas are marked with beer bottles (handy and not too obvious) inserted spout down into the dune area just mauka of excavations. The most likely nest is marked with a green beer bottle.

8/9/96 Nesting Crawl and Body Pit Type Excavation the Evening of August 9th

This nesting attempt is very close to the above and was found by Kealia Pond NWR Volunteers Gloria Adlawan and Diane Schulte. It is East of the large kiawe tree and area where the beach

2

has eroded to meet the roadway. Nesting area is only about 30' from the low tide line and no more than 20' from the white line of N. Kihei Road. Located in a treeless stretch of narrow dunes, this crawl led from the water to and up onto the dunes. No evidence of excavation in this area which is precariously close to the road (< 10' from toe of dune to blacktop). Turtle appears to have checked this out then headed back to the beach and along the face of the dunes for over 50'. She appeared to be checking out the bank of the dunes along the entire length of the crawl as there were disturbed areas and flipper marks on the clay/sand face of the dunes. Again three areas were more disturbed, with torn vegetation and piling of sand. These were marked using white coral placed inconspicously on the dune just mauka of excavations.

Both of these locations will be watched carefully from day 50 to 70 post appearance. Will excavate after 70 days to see if any remains. Off road vehicles continue to be a problem on this beach. Hopefully the nests are high enough on the toe of the dunes to avoid being driven over...

Note too that a charter boat operator and diver reported seeing a hawksbill in the Molokini crater for several days around July 26. He says it had an injured front left flipper as though cut by something or wounded from a shark attack.

cc: George Balazs - NOAA, Oahu Brooks Tamaye - Aquatic Resources, Maui Craig Rowland - USFWS, Oahu

WEDNESDAY Index D1 B6 Classifieds Comics A3 B6 County in Brief Crossword Puzzle Datebook 87 Dear Abby Entertainment **B**7 85 Hints from Heloise Money Matters B7 B8 A9 A2 Nation in Brief Obituaries A15 Opinion Sports A5 State In Brief TV Schedule Vital Statistics Weather World in Brief

IN SPORTS TODAY: Cowboys' Tuinei out for a while with

Aliens invade

'Dark Skies' looms on NBC

B5



Saudi bomb

Group says six confess

AI3



The Mauil

August 14, 1996

Maui's Newspaper Since 1900

Hawksbill turtle time under way at Kealia

By TIMOTHY HURLEY Staff Writer

KIHEI — It's hawkshill turtle nesting season, and motorists are being advised to keep a wary eye on North Kihel Road as they travel through Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge. Already this year, two hawkshill nests have been found in the dunes

Already this year, two hawkshill nests have been found in the dunes that separate the beach from the refuge, the mudilats and the road. One was discovered July 24, the other on Priday.

Members of the highly endangered species have been known to humber across the busy highway next to Manlaca Bay, and that's why refuge officials last year installed "turtle

chossing" signs to warn meterists.

Kathy Smith, Realia Pond National Wildlife Refuge manager, said a newly formed volunteer "Dawn Patrol" has been strolling the beach nearly every day in search of hawks-bill nests.

The nesting season of the hawksbill ranges from late July to November, during which the large turtles come onshore at night to bury their eggs before heading back to sea by morning.

This year's nests represent more evidence that the hawkshill is either continuing to establish a presence at Kealia or making a comeback. The area is not known as a traditional hawkshill nesting site. The discovery of nestings there has been recent: one in 1991 and the other in 1993.

Recent discoveries of hawkshill nests at Kealia have come late in the season, Smith said, and more finds are expected in the coming months now that the Dawn Patrol is on the lab.

Smith said Friday's discovery came with a disturbing reminder of just how vulnerable the turtle nests are. An off-road vehicle tire track was etched in the sand no more than 2 feet from the nest, which is situated in a seemingly safe spot next to a dune.

See HAWKSBILL TURTLE on the next page

Taking a dive off Black Rock



The Med News / BIATTHEW THAYER obeto

Thrill-seekers through the years have made Kaanapali's Black Rock a jumping off point for flights of fancy that end with the refreshingly cool reality of the ocean's surface. Kawika Akai performed a swan dive from a high spot Tuesday while other divers waited their turn. In the background is the Sheraton Maui, where an army of construction workers scurried about in an effort to have the renovaled resort ready to reopen by the November target date.

Dol spe nor dra

Candidat tax cut w

By TERENCE H AP White House

SAN DIEGOreceives the Repnomination tonig! him the prize hihas pursued for 16 years. Himoment of tri umph at hand Dole agonized over the speech that will propehim into the fall campaign.

Dole said at a breakfast appear ance that he was certain he coulcut taxes and bear ance the budget at the same time "two"re very care ful." Presiden Clinton has ridicalistic.

Invoking memhero, Dole said. ' we can — as Riyears ago — to p ment out of your livelihoods." Lat-





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE P.O. Box 1042

Kjhei, Maui, Hawaii 96753 Tel. (808) 875-1582 Fax (808) 875-2945



August 19, 1996

MEMORANDUM

To:

Files

From:

Refuge Manager, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge K. Smith

Subject:

Road Kill of Hawksbill Sea Turtle on Highway 31 at Ma'alaea Bay

8/19/96

Skippy Hau of the State Division of Aquatic Resources called to report the death of a nesting Hawksbill between the two and three mile markers of N. Kihei Road (State Highway 31). Police called him around 1:20 a.m. to report the still-live animal they had pulled to the side of the road--the carapace was spilt open from head to tail. Skippy was able to salvage approx. 110 eggs which he moved across the street to the beach and buried about 6" deep in the sand at a referenced location. This large female (carapace length 96 cm by 84 cm wide) reportedly had perhaps 60 more eggs which were lost due to breakage; in addition, there was a loss of all her developing eggs visible in the body cavity.

The incident occurred in a 45-mph zone where the dunes are highly eroded (only several feet in height) and the beach is very close to and visible from the road. The impact site was approximately 100' East of the Highway 31 sign and 50' West of one of the Refuge's corner survey markers and approximately 30' from the high tide line. The State Highway black and yellow "Turtle X-ing" signs are less than ½ mile to the East. There were no brake/skid marks and turtle shell debris was picked up more than 50' from the impact site. No vehicle accident report was filed with the police.

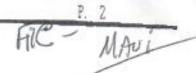
The dead hawksbill's nesting crawl from the ocean started about 45' W of an orange road construction sign and 30' N of the Highway 31 sign on the opposite side of the road. The crawl meandered for over 80' through bufflegrass and beach morning glory dune vegetation and back down to the sandy beach. A possible nesting attempt in the form of disturbed vegetation at the makai toe of the dune was marked with white coral for future reference. The crawl then led back up onto the low dunes and over into the roadway. Headlights could have been a contributory factor in the turtle being on the roadway.

2

NOTE: Based on my measurements of the width of this nesting crawl compared with the nesting crawls of 7/24/96 and 8/9/96, I believe this dead turtle is a different individual than the one(s) nesting earlier this season. My notes from the late July and early August nests located approximately 3/4 of a mile to the West note an average track width of the crawls as 25" from outside of flipper mark to outside of flipper mark in sand, to a maximum width of 34". The tracks left by the dead turtle average 32" in width to a maximum of 40". Thus, the tracks left by the dead turtle are quite a bit larger than the tracks left by hawksbills attempting to nest farther to the West in earlier weeks.

We will continue to monitor the beach for additional nesting attempts to the extent possible with our limited pool of volunteers and constraints on staff time.

cc: George Balazs - NOAA, Oahu Skippy Hau & Brooks Tamaye - HI Div. of Aquatic Resources, Maui Brooks Harper - USFWS, Oahu





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE KEALIA POND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

P.O. Box 1042 Kihei, Maui, Hawaii 96753 Tel. (808) 875-1582 Fax (808) 875-2945



August 15, 1996

MEMORANDUM

To:

Brooks Harper, Project Leader, Ecological Services

From:

Kathy Smith, Refuge Manager, Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge

Subject:

Hawksbill Sea Turtles Nesting at Ma'alaea Bay, Maui

I sent Craig Rowland a copy of the attached memo a few days ago, but unfortunately I made a typo on the dates. The memo was forwarded to Karen Rosa who caught the mistaken dates and also noted that the proper routing for Maui Nui Team information was through you. I apologize for the confusion on both accounts. The attached memo has been revised to show the correct 1996 dates. I also included a copy of yesterday's Maui News front page story on the turtles.

There is growing public concern on Maui for this species. I have gotten at least five calls in the last two weeks and been approached a number of times in the field by locals and visitors asking why something isn't being done to protect the beach nesting area of an endangered species. Many would like for the landowner (A&B Properties) to block off the beach to prevent access by 4WD's and/or to put sand back in the eroded areas to prevent the turtles from winding up on the road. Note the attached copy of a letter I recently received.

The public is also becoming more aware that State law prohibits driving on the beach and they are asking why the police are not enforcing this. The police will tell you that they do not have the manpower, and that they only have one off-road/park patrol vehicle for the entire island. Note too that State and local laws do not agree on the matter of vehicles on beaches—the Maui County Code is weak on this point and allows driving on the beach if one is going picnicking, camping, fishing or swimming (only drag racing is out). The police are thus tending to follow the County Code in spite of the fact that the Hawaii Revised Statutes supersede County Code.

Let me know if you want copies of pertinent legislation or other information. If you feel we should approach the County on this, there are more details I should fill you in on. I might also note that we do have sympathetic parties within the County Administration and at State Highways. Chubby Vincens, Vice President of A&B Properties, and head of the Maui office would also be good to work with. He is up on the issue and may be feeling enough public relations pressure to want to do something. If the Recovery Branch and Law Enforcement can recommend a course of action, I'll of course be glad to help.

cc: Manager, Oahu/Maui/Molokai NWR Complex



Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service P.O. Box 1042 Kihei, Maul, HI 96753 Tel: (808) 875-1582 Fax: (808) 875-2945

FAX TRANSMISSION COVER SHEET

Fax #: 943-1290

Date: July 23, 1996

TO: George Balazs,

Zoologist/Leader of Marine Turtle Research Pages: 4

From: Kathy Smith, Refuge Manager

Re: Turtle Exhibits at Kealia Pond NWR, Maui

George:

Thank you for offering to send a hawkshill slide for the Refuge to use for environmental education programs. The photo of the nesting hawksbill will also help our graphic artist develop a good display.

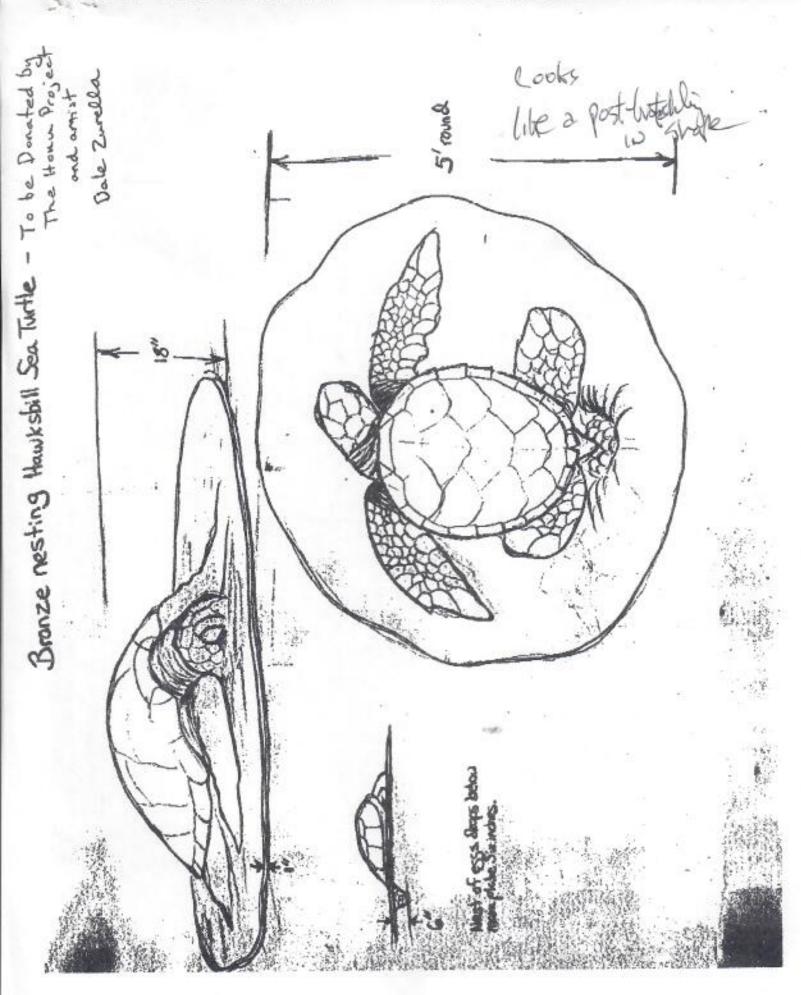
Attached are Conceptual Designs for two turns panels along the planned 4400' boardwalk that will run just inside the sand dure said sealia. Please teel free to make suggestions on content, message . . .

Dale's sketch of a nesting female is also attached.

We plan to give it center stage in

the welcome area

Hope you can visit this season.



2.6

Knetner, 672596

Exhibit 20. Were turtles on the beach last night?

Message Focus: The message here is quite simple. You are likely to see only tracks of sea turtles on the beach, as the turtles lay their eggs and return to the sea A + b + b + c + cat night. Occasionally you may see a turile heading toward sea at sunrise. A caution should be given to not disturb turdes.

3,-0.

Tackeron the beach as

awtisbill ser, burtle rather than the

Most ristors and a

bere between July

KARE and only and December elr. lives in the water

Sea burtles are protected species.

please do not disturb on land or water.

Graphic Emphasis: Turtle tracks are the focus here. Putting the turtle in the scene reduces the amount of explanitory ext. The scene is supposed to be early morning with a turde who got a late start?

Location: Past Kiosk C. - On U(s; tors are Frie B 5003 be



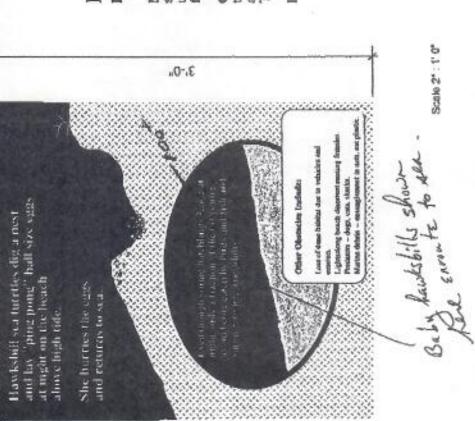
2.6

Exhibit 19. Hawksbill sea turtles dig nests at night.

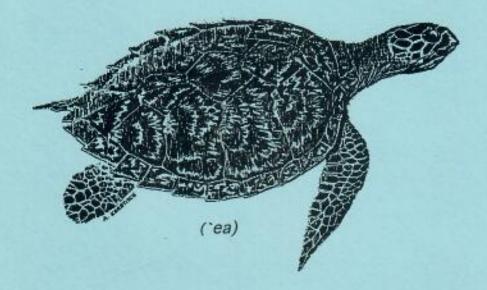
Message Focus: Even though sea turtles lay xxx eggs only a few survive to adult. They dig their nest at night and the young hatchlings usually return to the ocean at night but they are still easen by birds and fish.

Graphic Emphasis: The main image is a beach cross section with the turtlein a Freet deep hole above the high tide line, at night. The bushes are the indicator that the turtle has reached the proper soot above high tide. The insert shows many small turtle hatchlings beading toward the water.

Location: At Just past Kiosk C. ??



Help Protect the Endangered Hawksbill Sea Turtle



`Ea or hawksbill sea turtles are known to nest on only a few beaches in the main Hawaiian Islands, and one is in your neighborhood! Two nestings have been confirmed on Ma`alaea Bay beach, one in 1991 and another in 1993.

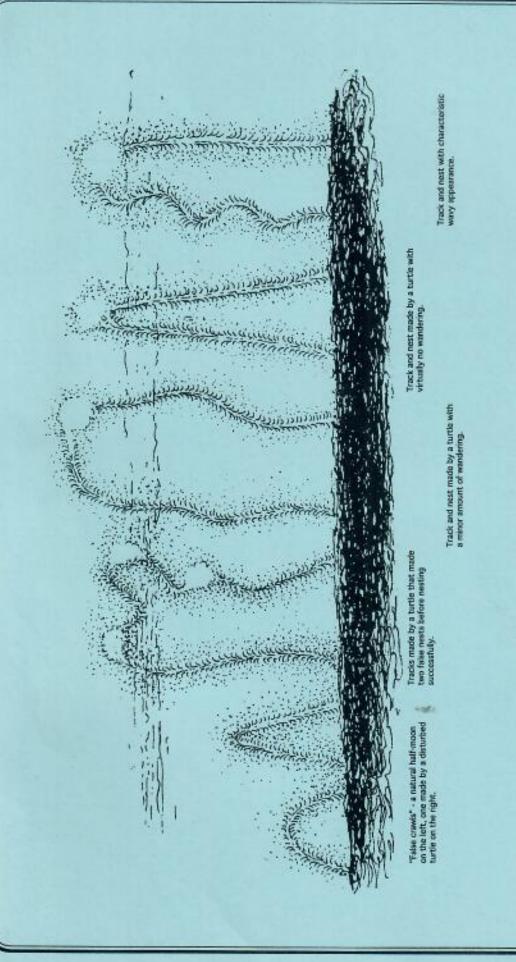
We need your help to protect these animals. If you see a sea turtle nesting site or its tracks on the beach, please do not disturb them. Make a careful note of their location and report your finding to the State or Federal fish and wildlife agency.



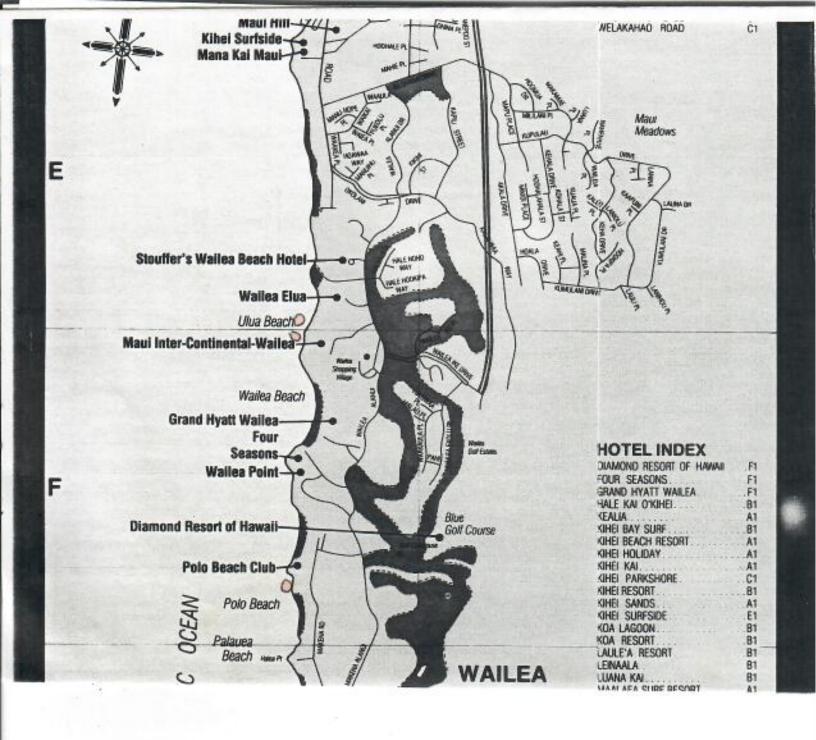
Thank you for your help!

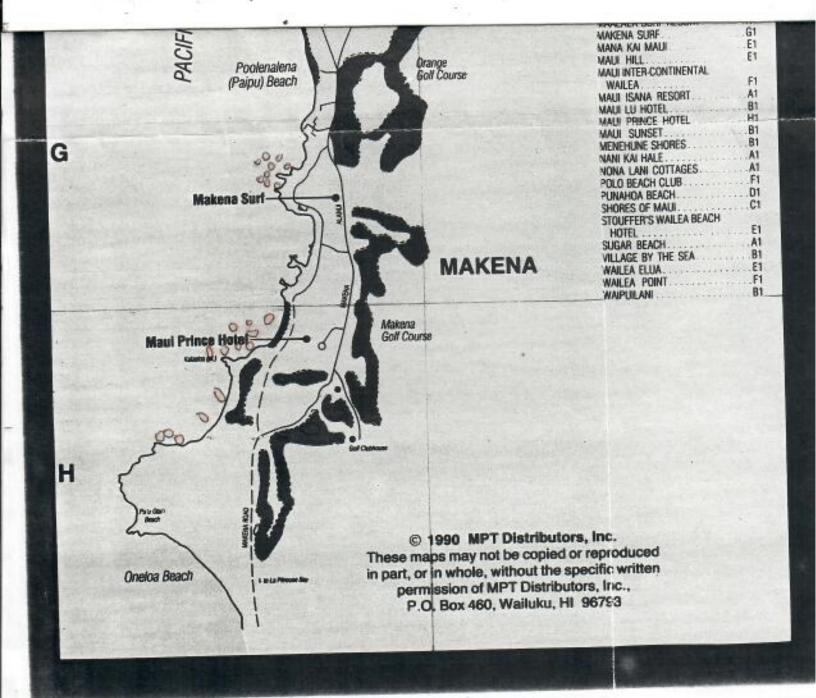


Hawaii Department of Land and Natural Resources Division of Aquatic Resources Wailuku, Maui 243-5294 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge Kihei, Maui 875-1582



Sea turtles come ashore at night to bury their eggs, so their tracks and nesting sites may be recognizable by beachgoers at dawn. This drawing illustrates the various types of marks frequently seen on sandy beaches.







U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE
Southwest Fisheries Science Center Honolulu Laboratory
2570 Dole St. + Honolulu, Hawali 96822-2396

NOTE FAN DATE 4, 1994"
YOUR THE WOVENDER 4, 1994" TO: KATHY C.E. SMITH FROM: GEORGE BALAZS SUBJECT: SEA TURTLE SIGNS THANKS FOR YOUR FAX ASKING FOR MY INPUT. I STRONGLY FAVOR SIGN A, SINCE IT IS THE ONLY ACCURATE ONE. ONLY HAWKSBILLS ARE KNOWN TO NEST ALONG THIS COASTLINE, TO SHOW GREENS (HONU) WOULD BE IN ERROR. NOTE HAWKSBILL IS HONUEA NOT JUST 'EA. ANY COLOR WOULD BE FINE, MY PROFERENCE 15 GREEN WITH WHITE BACKGROUND, ALL/IN REFLECTIVE MATERIALI NOTE, INSTEAD OF X THE UNIVERSAL () should be used. HIGH, WHY NOT JUST DEZETE THIS PART. IT SEEMS TO ENCOURAGE THE ACTIVITY, INSTEAD JUST SHOW CAR IN "NESTING AREA" WITH (). IN ORDER TO DRIVE BELOW HIGH TIDE, ONE WOULD HAVE TO TRANSIT (up & back) THE NESTING AREA, THIS 15 BAD. ALSO, CARS GETTINGSTUCK IN WET SAND MAY SEEK DAMAGES FROM BOING ENCOURAGED TO DRIVE THERE, THE SIGNS SHOULD BE CARGER THAN I FAT ALL POSSIBLE.

1995. THE YEAR OF THE SEA TURTLE IN THE PACIFIC OF I WILL A SPREP Regional Marine Tyrtle Conservation Programme initiative. Please
INSTALL Some WHERE, ALONG WITH OTHERS, ALONG, George

Friday, November 4, 1994

AWAII

The Honolulu Advertiser A3



Rare sea turtles cross Maui roads to lay eggs

MAALAEA, Maui -"Turtle Crossing" signs could pop up on south Maui roads soon as the rare hawksbill sea turtles wander ashore to lay their eggs.

Maui officials have warned motorists traveling roads near Maalaea Bay at night to watch out for the endangered turtles, which have been seen crossing North Kihei Road at night.

"It can be as hazardous to the turtle as it is to the driver," said Katherine Smith, manager of the Kealia Pond National Wildlife Refuge.

Last year a car struck and killed an egg-bearing turtle as she crossed the road. Smith said she would like to see signs alerting motorists to the turtles' presence on the road.

Wildlife biologists estimate fewer than two dozen of the huge turtles remain in Hawaii.

The Maui News

Letters

Turtles need protection

Emergency measures need to be taken to prevent auto collisions with critically endangered hawksbill turtles trying to lay their eggs on the shores of Maalaca Bay. Just last year a nesting female was hit and crushed to death while trying to cross North Kihei Road in the dead of night. Now, in recent days, one or two more of these rare animals have had close calls on the same stretch of highway.

The immediate solution to this problem is to erect a low (2-foot) fence along the makai roadway where the danger exists. The turtles have no business crossing the road, and under no circumstances should be allowed to do so. If eggs are laid in a nest on the mauka side, the small hatchling turtles that later emerge will be run over, or severely disoriented, when they try to crawl to sea.

Action urgently needs to be taken to reduce or eliminate this roadway hazard before last year's tragedy is repeated.

George H. Balazs Honolulu Deputy Chairman Marine Turtle Specialist Group